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The Pittsburgh Gazette

A WORTHY CANDIDATE.

The loyal voters of the Commonwealth ask no higher tribute to the worth and character of Judge Williams than the following neat compliment paid him by the only daily Democratic paper of Western Pennsylvania the day following his nomination. It said:

The nomination of the Hon. Henry W. Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court is a good one. He was the best man named before the Republican Convention, and possesses legal and moral qualifications for the responsible position to which he has been nominated. Both parties have now presented their candidates. An important duty has been faithfully discharged by the respective conventions. The campaign may now be conducted *without personal aspersions*, and decided upon the principles of the two great parties. This is as it should be. It is an auspicious sign of the times, and if the county conventions are equally fortunate in the selection of legislative candidates, there will be a stop put to the deplorable corruption at the seat of government under a new reign of honest men and conscientious legislators.—*Pittsburgh Post, June 28th, 1867.*

THE Associated Press dispatches continue to furnish us with rumors of changes about to take place in the Cabinet. It is stated this morning that every member has placed his resignation in the hands of the President, and are awaiting acceptance. The removal of McCulloch seems to have been determined, and that officer's resignation will be accepted so soon as trade circles are properly educated in the belief that a change is to be made. The delay is made so that in the end the Government credit will not suffer by a sudden change in the Treasury Department. In the event of of Mr. Seward's withdrawal, Jeremiah S. Black, Mr. Johnson's Chief Engineer of National Affairs, will probably succeed him.

ELSEWHERE is the order of the President relieving Gen. Sickles from command of the Second Military District, and assigning Gen. Canby to the post. Sickles suffers as Sheridan suffered. Both were too zealous in carrying out the measures of reconstruction proposed by a loyal Congress, and thus displeased the President, who revenged himself in the only way he possibly could, by removing them. In Mr. Johnson's term of office removals do not signify disgrace, but, on the contrary, are interpreted by the patriotic masses as recognitions to public servants that they have well and faithfully performed their duties.

TO ACCOUNT for the appearance of the cholera as an epidemic on the wide and open plains of the West, where there is nothing but pure air, and plenty of it, puzzles the eminent physicians of the country. The dread disease plays mysterious freaks, and sets at defiance all theories advanced to explain its origin and where and how it progresses. It is no better understood to-day than at the time of its first appearance, although it has been made a study by the wisest of physicians for many years.

[By Mail.]

GRANT has taken a decided stand in opposition to the President, if a rumor which reaches us can be relied upon. He refuses to interfere with any of the military commanders, and will not issue the orders removing Sheridan and Sickles, believing that the authority for their removal rests alone with him and that the President has no right to interfere. This difference will probably lead to the decapitation of Grant as Secretary of War *ad interim.*

THIS MORNING the Associated Press very considerately inf rms the lovers of the manly art that all the arrangements for the forthcoming mill between McCool and Jones, at Cincinnati, have been completed, and gives the terms to be charged for seeing the great exhibition of hardened muscle. Thieves, burglars, pickpockets, gamblers and sporting men generally will make a note of the time, place and terms of the match.

MR. RICHARD SMITH, of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Second Ohio District. The *Commercial*, of that city, was, we believe, the first to suggest his name for the position. He will make an excellent representative, if elected.

MR. BANCROFT has presented his credentials to the King of Prussia, as Minister of the United States to the Court of Berlin. Bismarck tendered the historian a complimentary dinner as a mark of honor.

ENGLAND is to make an effort to rescue her subjects in Abyssinia. Troops are about to depart from India for the land of the love-struck Theodorus, to force a delivery of the prisoners.

MR. SAMUEL FILSON, of Steubenville, an aged and highly respected citizen, died on Sunday last. He was a native of Cumberland county, Pa.

THE name of Jessee D. Bright is prominently mentioned for the Speakership of the Kentucky House of Representatives.

CARLOTTA'S ASYLUM.—The Palace of Tervueren, where Carlotta is at present residing, belongs to the Belgian Statedomain, and was placed by law at the disposal of the royal family. Before the revolution of 1820, it was occupied for a part of the year by the Princes of the House of Orange, and has been preserved in the same state. The furniture has not been changed, and visitors are still shown the splendid ball room and the apartments of the family of Holland. The palace is by no means of considerable extent, and appears to have been originally built as a shooting lodge, being surrounded with an immense park, enclosed within walls, and well stocked with game.

—A terrible case of wholesale poisoning is reported from Vicksburg, Miss. A gay party of young people passed a day and evening very pleasantly at the residence of Mrs. A. R. Hebron, near Rome. At the midnight repast, it is believed, the whole party were poisoned by means of some deadly substance administered in the food. Seven of the guests had died at last accounts and twelve others were seriously ill. Last week, five servants who accompanied the guests died, while the servants of the hostess were infected with symptoms of cholera, but it was pronounced by physicians to be the result of poison.

The Hon. J. S. Wilson, Commissioner of the General Land Office, has received a letter from the Hon. A. A. Denny, of Washington Territory, relative to the recent discovery of a coal mine about three miles from the eastern shore of Luke Dewarnish, a few miles east of the town of Seattle, in that Territory. The letter was accompanied with a fine specimen of the coal, the supply of which, it is stated, is inexhaustible. The discovery will be of great importance to the North Pacific Railroad Company, as the mine is situated on the line of route of that road in its passage to Puget's Sound.

—Rev. A. Manship, pastor of Calvary Methodist Episcopal church of Philadelphia, has returned home from the Concord camp-meeting, held in Caroline county, Md., minus his watch, a quantity of clothing and some $60 in cash, stolen from his tent by some adroit thief.

—The Carbon Hill Coal Mines, of Virginia, have been sold at auction for $20,000, to John T. Daly, of New York.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FROM EUROPE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ENGLAND.

BRITISH PRISONERS IN ABYSSINIA.

LONDON, August 27.—Active preparations are being made for the speedy departure of troops from India to rescue the British prisoners in Abyssinia. Sir Willian Napier has been appointed to command the expedition. The last reports state the prisoners were no longer in the power of king Theodorus, and strong hopes are entertained that Napier will succeed in releasing them in time to save their lives.

THE NEW CABLE FROM BREST.

LONDON, August 27.—The new cable from Brest to New York is to be laid in May next. The Northern route has been selected as the safest and most practicable. The Great Eastern has been chartered to perform the work.

THE ANTI-SLAVERY CONGRESS.

MANCHESTER, August 27.—*Evening*—The Anti-Slavery Congress convened in this city to-day. William Lloyd Garrison made a speech. Other distinguished persons, including several negroes, also made speeches. Eulogies were passed on the Governments of the United States and Russia for the recent abolition of slavery.

ELECTRICIAN DEAD.

LONDON, August 27.—*Evening*—Faraday, an eminent savan and electrician, died today.

FRANCE.

SPEECH OF NAPOLEON.

PARIS, August 28.—*Evening.*—Napoleon, in his speech at Arras, said: I have faith in the future. All governments often seek to divert public attention from domestic troubles by fomenting foreign quarrels. On the other hand, those governments which rest on national will, have strength, and need only resort to whatever shall tend to promote the permanent interests of the country and be the means of upholding the honor of the nation.

SPAIN.

THE INSURRECTION SUCCESSFUL.

LONDON, August 27.—Accounts from Spain confirm the reports that the insurrection in Aragon was successful. The insurgents defeated the royal troops against the insurgents was killed. He was a nephew of Narvaez, Chief of the Spanish Cabinet.

PRUSSIA.

DINNER TO MINISTER BANCROFT.

BERLIN, August 27.—*Evening.*—Hon. Geo. Bancroft had an audience with the King of Prussia this morning. He presented his credentials as Minister of the United States to the Court of Berlin. Mr. Bancroft received an invitation to a dinner in his honor by Bismarck.

DENMARK.

LONDON, August 27.—Denmark has renewed the northern provinces of Schleswig.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—*Evening.*—Consols 94¾; Illinois Central, 77¾; Erie, 45¾; Atlantic and Great Western, 31¾; Stocks quiet.

FRANKFORT, Aug. 27.—*Evening.*—Five Twenties 78¾.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 27.—*Evening.*—Cotton closed heavy; sales 7000 bales middling uplands at 10½d; Orleans 10¾d. Advices from Manchester are unfavorable. Breadstuffs dull for new southern, and 12s 6d for California. Flour, 34s for extra western. Corn 35s 9d. Oats 2s 6d. Barley 5s. Pork 81s 6d. Cheese 49s. Beef 104s. Lard 51s 9d. Pork 78s 6d. Bacon 43s 6d. Spirits Petroleum 8½d; refined do 1s 3½d.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—*Evening.*—Sugar 24s 6d. Linseed oil 39s.

ANTWERP, Aug. 27.—*Evening.*—Petroleum 43¾ francs for standard white.

[By Mail.]

NEW YORK, August 27.—The steamer "Villa de Paris" with European dates to the 15th has arrived.

The *Espagne* believed that the dispute between Prussia and Denmark, in reference to Northern Schleswig, would be settled. There is a probability of an interview between the King of Prussia and Napoleon, on the return of the latter from Salzburg.

A telegram has been received from M. Drah, French Minister in Mexico, saying he would soon return to France.

A misunderstanding has arisen between Austria and Italy, concerning the transfer of Venetian archives and works of art, taken to Austria when Venice was evacuated, and also as to boundary line.

NEW YORK, August 27.—The steamer Ville de Paris brings Paris papers of the 17th. The Arch-Bishop of Cincinnati was a passenger.

The Emperor's fete was celebrated on the 15th by amusements, fireworks and illuminations.

Ismail Pasha had sailed from Constantinople for the 24th.

Prince Humbert, of Italy, visited the Emperor for two days at Chalons Camp.

Reports of a marriage project between the royal houses of Sweden and Prussia are confounded.

In his remarks the Vizier, on his return to Constantinople, said his reception by the foreign people and governments had strengthened in him a desire to assure impartial protection to all his subjects. This sentiment, he said, is that of every divan.

A stutgart letter says the South German States will, next spring, have at the disposal of the Zollverein, for the war purposes of the Confederation of the North, one hundred and twenty thousand men, armed and equipped according to the Prussian plan.

THE LAST "ORDER."

Assignment of General Hancock to the Command of the Fifth District.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 27.—The order assigning General Hancock to General Sheridan's place was as follows:

Executive Mansion, Washington, August 26, 1867. As a consequence of the unfavorable condition of the health of Major General G. H. Thomas, as reported to me in Surgeon Hasson's dispatch of this date, I may order dated August 17, 1867, is hereby modified so as to assign Maj Gen. Winfield S. Hancock to the command of the Fifth Military District, created by the act of Congress, passed March 2d, 1867, and of the Military Department comprising the States of Louisiana and Texas, and he is relieved from the command of the Department of the Missouri by Major General P. H. Sheridan, Major General Hancock will proceed directly to New Orleans, La., and assume the command to which he is hereby assigned. He will, when necessary to the due execution of the laws, exercise any and all powers conferred by acts of Congress upon District Commanders, and any and all the authority pertaining to officers in command of Military Departments.

Major General P. H. Sheridan will at once turn over his present command to the office in rank next to himself, and proceeding without delay to Fort Lawrence, Kansas, will relieve Major General Hancock of the command of the Department of Missouri.

Major General George H. Thomas will, until further orders, remain in command of the Department of the Cumberland.

Very respectfully yours, &c.,

[Signed] ANDREW JOHNSON.

To U. S. Grant, Secretary of War, *ad interim.*

Powder Mill Explosion—Three Men Killed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BENNINGTON, Vt., Aug. 27.—A mill belonging to the Bennington Powder Company exploded instantly killing three men named Abraham Moon, Edward Cunningham and Wm. Downs. The latter was blown into fragments. The concussion is not heavy. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

Destructive Fire at Greensburg, Ind.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREENSBURG, Ind., August 27.—A very destructive fire to-night at Greensburg, Ind., entirely consumed the woolen factory of Bonding & Bro., the storeroom of Camp & Shirk, the Merchants Union Express Office and several other buildings. The telegraph lines were also burned. Loss estimated at $100,000.

Shipment of Destilled Spirits.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 27.—A Washington special says it is reported that an order will soon be issued by the Revenue Commissioner permitting the shipment of distilled spirits from a general bonded warehouse to another at a different port.

Accident at a Bridge—One Man Killed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, August 27.—Seven workmen were precipitated into the river here by the breaking of the trestle of the new bridge. One was killed, and the others slightly injured.

Scientific Association Adjourned.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, August 27.—The Union Convention of the Second Ohio District this morning nominated Richard Smith, of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, to Congress, by acclamation.

Thaddeus Stevens Recovering.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LANCASTER, Pa., August 27.—Thaddeus Stevens has so far recovered his health that he expects to leave for the Northern Lakes in a few days.

Death of an Ex-Justice.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 27.—Hon. Ira C. Whitehead, formerly Judge of the Supreme Court of New Jersey, died at Morristown this morning.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, August 27, 1867.

CABINET MATTERS—RESIGNATIONS IN THE HANDS OF THE PRESIDENT.

A special says: It is well known that for some time past the President has virtually been in possession of the resignations of his Cabinet officers, which had been offered verbally; but recent events have induced them to repeat the offer, and I am able to state on good authority that he now has in his possession formal written resignations of every member of the Cabinet. In this connection, the fact that Jerry Black, who has been absent from the city for several days, has been telegraphed to, advising him of the change in the affairs of the Cabinet and requesting him to return immediately, is significant.

The *Herald's* special says: In the case of McCulloch, though probably his resignation will be the last accepted from fear of damage to the public credit, still I am pretty certain that he will be permitted to withdraw after some time, and a better man appointed in his stead. The idea probably is to familiarize the public mind to the proposed change in the Treasury Department management by degrees, and not make too sudden a change. Among the rumors afloat is one to the effect that Secretary McCulloch has accepted an offer made by Jay Cooke & Co. to manage the new banking house they are about to open in London. If this be true, it would seem to indicate that the probability of Mr. McCulloch's probable retirement.

The *Tribune's* special says: It is intimated that Grant will ask to be relieved from duty at the War Office soon, as indicated in the correspondence of yesterday. This is but the beginning of a plan to carry the next Presidential election by the Democracy.

Changes in the cabinet will certainly take place. Seward's friends say he will surely go. The "old man" has been keeping very quiet lately, and has very little to say at the White House. Randall expects to hold a friendly willingness to resign. He had a long interview with the President to-night. Before he went to the White House he told his friends that on the interview would depend whether or not he would resign. Should it not have been satisfactory to-night, Randall will send in his resignation to-morrow. Ward H. Lamon, a law partner of Jerry Black, has appointed Marshal for the District of Columbia by President Lincoln, is being pushed for the place by the Democracy. The pressure on McCulloch has been considerably strengthened. The feeling is so strong against his resignation that his opponents have begun to give him up as a hopeless case. Jerry Black is spoken of as Mr. Seward's successor.

ORDER REMOVING GEN. SICKLES.

The following is the order removing Gen. Sickles:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, August 26.—Brevet Major General R. S. Canby is hereby assigned to the command of the Second Military District, created by the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, and of the Military Department of the States embraced in the States of North Carolina and South Carolina. He will, as soon as practicable, relieve General D. E. Sickles, and on relieving him command to which he is hereby assigned, will, when necessary, see to a faithful execution of the laws, exercise any and all powers conferred by acts of Congress upon District Commanders, and any and all the authority pertaining to officers in command of Military Departments. Major General Daniel E. Sickles is hereby relieved from the command of the Second Military District. The Secretary of War is hereby to give the necessary instructions to carry this order into effect. ANDREW JOHNSON.

REBEL ARCHIVES BUREAU.

The President has ordered the bureau of rebel archives, of which Dr. Pierce, of Boston, was chief, to be closed. This bureau was organized by Secretary Stanton, and contained all the captured rebel archives, civil and military administration of the defunct Confederacy. It has been of great service to the government in its various investigations.

CHOLERA ON THE PLAINS.

A private letter, dated near Fort Hays, Kansas, August 20th, says: The cholera has been the scourge of the Plains this summer, and it seems strange that it should ever become epidemic here—the air being so very pure, and so many thousands in motion about it. One company of cavalry at that post lost twenty-one men by cholera, and thus far eighty-two men in all by the disease at the post.

FUNDS IN THE TREASURY.

The amount of gold in the Treasury today is $84,639,000; gold certificates, $5,000; currency, $51,312,000. The receipts for six days, up to the 26th of August, were: Internal revenues, $2,358,000; customs, $943,000, total receipts from the 1st of July, $700,000,000.

CHICAGO POSTMASTERSHIP.

The President to day appointed F. T. Sherman Postmaster at Chicago, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Colonel Gilmore.

REDEMPTION OF UNADILLA BANK NOTES.

The Comptroller of Currency gives notice that the circulating notes of the National Unadilla Bank of New York will be paid in lawful money on presentation at the office of the Treasury of the United States.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

During the year ending June 31, 1867, there were of total imports of foreign merchandize and specie $41,222,123, less foreign merchandize, and specie exported amounted to $199,941,227. Net imports, $292,291,896, of which amount $42,958,447 remained in warehouses at the port of New York. Domestic exports for the same period amounted to $334,004,964. All these values are in gold.

MUSTERED OUT.

Maj. Gen. E. A. Hitchcock, of the United States volunteers, has been mustered out to date October 1st.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, August 24, 1867.

Messrs. Editors:—You and your readers alike are always thoroughly acquainted with all facts of significance and importance transpiring in this capital. But it seems to your correspondent that no one not a dweller in this city can fully appreciate all the movements which will make the present month quite memorable in political annals. The removal (as far as his Excellency can effect it) of Mr. Stanton, marks an era in the history of the present administration. Hitherto the friends of freedom—the men who sustained the Government and the Secretary in putting down the rebellion—have looked upon that great and pure man as the sole connecting link between present hope and the promise of that terrible, but, as we believed, glorious past. There remained in the Cabinet, while he was there, one strong hand clinging to glorious traditions; one knee that had not bowed to Baal; one tongue which had not and would never pronounce the accursed Shibboleth. The time is past. The strong pillar is removed. The writer hereof has nothing to say to the man incumbent. He is not Mr. Stanton, though he may be his friend. Give the General of our armies all the praise for his many noble daring, but after all, Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Howard—all the brave ones who fought and achieved, were made possible by that master mind which directed, controlled, brought together and had ready at command the forces which all alone and under foot and trampled out the foul dragon of the slaveholders' rebellion. The present generation will not probably receive its due, or any good part of it, to that noble man, who in the quiet of his office or house, yielded up no other weapon for fighting through the days and nights of that dreadful war—tolled without applause—strove without the excitement of glory when to wish the conqueror on the stricken field. History, however, with her pen of iron is preparing for him a fit place on her page, and posterity will crown him with his appropriate laurels.

But the saddest feature of it all is, that most content with having helped a single man out of doors and into good company, among the people, the present incumbent of executive office, or his too subservient tools, appear to be pursuing a systematic course of slander, which it behooves all true friends of an honest and injured public servant to resent. I am glad that the position of the *Gazette* is not doubtful in such times, as it never has been. But a subsidized or diabolical press, in many parts of the land, is striving, by open slander, to base insinuations, to undermine the character of Mr. Stanton as a public officer. Among other things, a paper of this city, several of whose editors or writers were in the rebel army, (where they have doubtless learned to hate Mr. Stanton and acquired that literary culture which enables them now to write with such eloquent malice) says as a proof that the President's action in removing Mr. Stanton is approved by the people, they have in no public meeting or assembly condemned that action. Indeed, indorsed the Secretary. I have no doubt what Pittsburgh will answer to such a statement whenever her stalwart sons get ready to speak. In the community where he is best known he is most highly esteemed. They will be mindful of the reputation of their own citizen and will doubtless in their own good time give an answer that even a President may hear, or a Vice President understand, though it were his own ear. I am glad they and he not over quick of comprehension.

Meantime other acts similar to that of removing Mr. Stanton and General Sheridan, are believed to be contemplated. The one-armed hero, General Howard, whose pure life, upright walk and godly conversation is known to all men, has of course rendered himself an object of executive malice. In proportion as he has been honest, high-minded and God-fearing, is the hatred toward him of the powers that be, and the preliminary effort to undermine his reputation. It behooves, therefore, the good and true of all classes to stand by these faithful public servants; to disbelieve all reports touching them and to prepare for the President such punishment for his misdemeanors as are fitting. What that is, can there be any longer a doubt? Is he faithfully keeping his oath of office? Is he executing the laws to the best of his ability? The answers to these questions are pressing forward and getting very clear.

VIATOR.

Fire—Fireman Killed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 27.—Building No. 108 Broad street, occupied by Thomas & Benham and Robbins & Crooks, commission and produce merchants, was burned tonight. Loss very heavy. A fireman was killed by falling from the roof.

Base Ball Match.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, August 27.—The base ball match to-day, between the Mutuals and Pastimes of this city, was won by Pastimes, 21 to 40.

Damage to Georgia Crops.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAVANNAH, August 27.—Accounts from the seaboard planters indicate damage to the crops from continued rains.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

GRANT AND THE PRESIDENT.

Their Differences Irreconcilable.

General Grant Declines to Execute the Order Removing Generals Sheridan and Sickles.

GRANT CLAIMS CONTROL OF THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, August 27, 1867.

It is believed by prominent gentlemen that the differences between the President and Gen. Grant, in relation to the removal of Generals Sheridan and Sickles, are irreconcilable. The orders issued yesterday, directing General Hancock to relieve Gen. Sheridan and Gen. Canby to relieve General Sickles, have not been executed. It is said Gen. Grant, in a letter to the President, declines to direct the orders to be executed, and states his refusal in strong terms, virtually denying the right of the President to interfere in any one of the five Military Districts created by Congress, and asserting that the entire control of the Military Departments, including the large regular army, rests, by the supplemental reconstruction act, in the general of the United States, and that, therefore, he is not at liberty and he will not transfer it to another.

The letter has not been made public, but the above statement is believed to be reliable, as it is derived from a usually well informed source.

LATEST CONCERNING CABINET MATTERS.

Various Cabinet rumors prevailed to-day, among them one that several of the members had formally tendered their resignation, but it has been ascertained to be untrue. There are no new developments on the subject.

GEN. POPE'S DISTRICT.

Disloyalty in the Georgia University —Colored People Claiming the Right to Hold Office—Jury Order Modified.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, August 27.—It is stated that General Pope had ordered the closing of the Georgia University, in consequence of a speech by a student, at the commencement, and the building was to be converted into barracks; but General Pope allowed the exercises to continue, on condition that the newspapers would publish the said speech. It is also stated that Gen. Pope ordered the legislative appointments of the freedmen in the 1st and 4th districts to have issued addresses on congressional manifestoes, whereby they can vote carries the right to hold office, and they, having the majority, will not vote for the whites.

So much of the Jury order as interferes with the present term of the courts has been revoked.

The rains have seriously damaged the cotton crops in middle and southern Georgia and Florida.

MACON, August 27.—A Colored Mass Meeting was held here to-day. From six thousand to eight thousand persons were present. The Radical platform was adopted. Good order prevailed.

FROM THE PACIFIC.

Difficulty Concerning Sailors—Mexican News—Entree of Juarez into the City of Mexico.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—The Chamber of Commerce have called a meeting to consider a memorial of ship masters relative to the difficulty with sailor landlords. Five ships are waiting for crews.

A correspondent of the *Bulletin* writes from the City of Juarez, dated 17th, describing the entry of Juarez, which elicited much enthusiasm. At a grand banquet Juarez hoped that he would write the final message of clemency of the United States in victory. The Mexican press were clamoring for a general amnesty. The people are said to be sick of bloodshed.

Consul Godoy, of San Francisco, received an authoritative denial of the reported massacre of Imperialists at Queretaro. Ortega has signed a treaty with Juarez announced his determination to put down all armed factions, but to pursue a course of clemency and conciliation towards the submissive, and do all in his power to heal distractions, develope resources and bring back happiness to the country. The army will be reduced to 18,000 and many prisoners will be released.

The Emperor's guard of the Blackwall was sold at auction for $1,850 21.70.

Sailed—Ship Comorant, for Liverpool.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

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WASHINGTON, August 24, 1867.

Messrs. Editors:—You and your readers alike are always thoroughly acquainted with all facts of significance and importance transpiring in this capital. But it seems to your correspondent that no one not a dweller in this city can fully appreciate all the movements which will make the present month quite memorable in political annals. The removal (as far as his Excellency can effect it) of Mr. Stanton, marks an era in the history of the present administration. Hitherto the friends of freedom—the men who sustained the Government and the Secretary in putting down the rebellion—have looked upon that great and pure man as the sole connecting link between present hope and the promise of that terrible, but, as we believed, glorious past. There remained in the Cabinet, while he was there, one strong hand clinging to glorious traditions; one knee that had not bowed to Baal; one tongue which had not and would never pronounce the accursed Shibboleth. The time is past. The strong pillar is removed. The writer hereof has nothing to say to the man incumbent. He is not Mr. Stanton, though he may be his friend. Give the General of our armies all the praise for his many noble daring, but after all, Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Howard—all the brave ones who fought and achieved, were made possible by that master mind which directed, controlled, brought together and had ready at command the forces which all alone and under foot and trampled out the foul dragon of the slaveholders' rebellion. The present generation will not probably receive its due, or any good part of it, to that noble man, who in the quiet of his office or house, yielded up no other weapon for fighting through the days and nights of that dreadful war—tolled without applause—strove without the excitement of glory when to wish the conqueror on the stricken field. History, however, with her pen of iron is preparing for him a fit place on her page, and posterity will crown him with his appropriate laurels.

But the saddest feature of it all is, that most content with having helped a single man out of doors and into good company, among the people, the present incumbent of executive office, or his too subservient tools, appear to be pursuing a systematic course of slander, which it behooves all true friends of an honest and injured public servant to resent. I am glad that the position of the *Gazette* is not doubtful in such times, as it never has been. But a subsidized or diabolical press, in many parts of the land, is striving, by open slander, to base insinuations, to undermine the character of Mr. Stanton as a public officer. Among other things, a paper of this city, several of whose editors or writers were in the rebel army, (where they have doubtless learned to hate Mr. Stanton and acquired that literary culture which enables them now to write with such eloquent malice) says as a proof that the President's action in removing Mr. Stanton is approved by the people, they have in no public meeting or assembly condemned that action. Indeed, indorsed the Secretary. I have no doubt what Pittsburgh will answer to such a statement whenever her stalwart sons get ready to speak. In the community where he is best known he is most highly esteemed. They will be mindful of the reputation of their own citizen and will doubtless in their own good time give an answer that even a President may hear, or a Vice President understand, though it were his own ear. I am glad they and he not over quick of comprehension.

Meantime other acts similar to that of removing Mr. Stanton and General Sheridan, are believed to be contemplated. The one-armed hero, General Howard, whose pure life, upright walk and godly conversation is known to all men, has of course rendered himself an object of executive malice. In proportion as he has been honest, high-minded and God-fearing, is the hatred toward him of the powers that be, and the preliminary effort to undermine his reputation. It behooves, therefore, the good and true of all classes to stand by these faithful public servants; to disbelieve all reports touching them and to prepare for the President such punishment for his misdemeanors as are fitting. What that is, can there be any longer a doubt? Is he faithfully keeping his oath of office? Is he executing the laws to the best of his ability? The answers to these questions are pressing forward and getting very clear.

VIATOR.

FROM RICHMOND.

Discovery of an Armed Negro Organization—Railroad Subscriptions—Soldiers and Sailors' Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, August 27.—Official information develops the existence of an armed secret negro organization throughout the State, and much alarm is felt in consequence by the whites.

North Carolina has issued nearly one million of bonds to railroad corporations.

In the past few days over half a million dollars has been subscribed by Virginia counties to the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad. Greenbrier county yesterday voted a quarter of a million.

The Soldiers' and Soldiers' Convention, called for the 25th of September, is to be held in Richmond.

FROM TENNESSEE.

Disbanding of the State Militia Stopped—Conflict of Conservatives—Brownlow Preparing His Inaugural—Memphis and Ohio Railroad.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, August 27.—Gen. Cooper issued an order this morning stopping the disbandonment of the State guard. He gives as a reason the bad conduct of outlaws and disloyal citizens in certain portions of the State. He recommends the organization to have been threatened to bring suits, and promises to discharge of the State guard for their protection.

Messrs. Williams and Fisk, Holmes, colored, left here to-day to speak in behalf of the Conservatives in Georgia, on invitation.

Gov. Brownlow's majority will be over 50,000. He is busily engaged in preparing his message and inaugural.

Dr. D. E. Cliff, of Franklin, was commissioned Brigadier General to command of the Memphis and Ohio Railroad, and Mr. Richards, of Memphis, Superintendent. The road failed to pay its interest on the money due to the State.

A commission will go given to Col. L. H. Williams as Attorney General for the Carthage district.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

Union Pacific Railway Earnings—Two Suicides—Violent Storm.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, August 27.—The earnings of the Union Pacific Railroad, Kansas branch, in July, were $190,000. The estimated earnings in August is $200,000.

A man named Joseph Anderson, or James Anderson, committed suicide on Sunday night at the St. Nicholas Hotel by taking cloroform.

A butcher named Murphy, living in Kirkwood, near the city, blew his brains out with a gun last night.

A heavy rain storm, accompanied by a high wind, thunder and lightning, passed over the city this evening, doing much good to vegetation. This is the first rain we have had for over a month.

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[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—The Chamber of Commerce have called a meeting to consider a memorial of ship masters relative to the difficulty with sailor landlords. Five ships are waiting for crews.

A correspondent of the *Bulletin* writes from the City of Juarez, dated 17th, describing the entry of Juarez, which elicited much enthusiasm. At a grand banquet Juarez hoped that he would write the final message of clemency of the United States in victory. The Mexican press were clamoring for a general amnesty. The people are said to be sick of bloodshed.

Consul Godoy, of San Francisco, received an authoritative denial of the reported massacre of Imperialists at Queretaro. Ortega has signed a treaty with Juarez announced his determination to put down all armed factions, but to pursue a course of clemency and conciliation towards the submissive, and do all in his power to heal distractions, develope resources and bring back happiness to the country. The army will be reduced to 18,000 and many prisoners will be released.

The Emperor's guard of the Blackwall was sold at auction for $1,850 21.70.

Sailed—Ship Comorant, for Liverpool.

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Preliminaries for the Prize Fight Between McCool and Jones.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, August 27.—The backers of Jones and McCool have announced that all persons desirous of witnessing the fight can positively be in Cincinnati by Friday evening, August 30th. The excursion will be made by railroad, on special trains, that will leave the city over the Ohio at 7 o'clock Saturday morning. The fight will take place on Saturday, August 31st. Tickets $5; badges to inside of the outside ring, two dollars extra. All tickets and badges must be purchased before arriving at the depot at St. Lawrence, or at the saloon of John Cleveland, or Wm. Gausser.

Railroad Engine and Machine Shops Burned—Locomotives Destroyed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind.—The machine shops and engine house of the Lafayette and Indianapolis Railroad, at Lafayette, were destroyed by fire on Saturday night. Four locomotives were destroyed. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

The Growing Crops.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, August 27.—The weather continues scorching hot, and the accounts coming in from the growing crops are very discouraging. The grass has all dried up; corn and potatoes ditto. Water is scarce for stock, and the ground is so hard that it cannot be plowed for fall seeding.

Railroad Difficulty Settled.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CAIRO, ILL., August 27.—The difficulties between the men on the Memphis and Ohio road have been settled, and trains will commence running regularly to-day.

Saw Mill Burned.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FON DU LAC, WIS., August 25.—Scribner's saw mill was burned yesterday; loss $20,000.

River Items.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, August 28.—River rising, with three feet six inches in canal.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

Graff, Byers & Co.'s Gas Pipe Establishment.

Of the many manufacturing establishments in and around the city, none is more perfect in the completeness of its arrangements, or more thoroughly adapted to the purposes for which it is intended, than the establishment of Graff, Byers & Co., manufacturers of iron gas pipe and railroad

The Pittsburgh Gazette

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1867.

REPRESENTATIVES—FREQUENT CHANGES.

Every avenue to political position in this country is crowded with candidates who have not the first requisites for filling the respective posts with honor to themselves and advantage to the public. Comparatively few men who attain office have the ability to make themselves distinguished or to produce an impression upon State or national councils. One principal reason for this condition of affairs is the system of indiscriminate rotation which prevails in this Commonwealth, and generally throughout the northern States. This system dates far back in our history as a State. It has been repeatedly sanctioned by Constitutional Conventions, General Assemblies, and by the people at large.

"It is a custom more honor'd in the breach, than in the observance."

WILLIAM PENN, in the Preface to his Frame of Government, discourses very justly upon the objects and purposes to be obtained, and lays down an excellent platform as to men to be entrusted with authority and laws to be enacted by government. He says: "Governments, like clocks, do go from the motion men give them; and as governments are made and moved by men, so by them are they ruined too. Therefore, governments rather depend upon men, than men upon governments. Let men be good, and government cannot be bad; if it be ill, they will cure it. But if men be bad, let the government be ever so good, they will endeavor to work and spoil it to their turn." Further, says PENN: "I know some will say, let us have good laws, and no matter for the men that execute them; but let them consider, that though good laws do well, good men do better; for good laws may want good men, or be abolished or evaded by ill men; but good men will never want good laws and never suffer ill ones."

These citations show the estimate in which the founder of this Commonwealth held good men, and yet he established a system by which all the higher qualities for men in public service are stricken down and ignored. If there is any trade, art or mystery in which experience is of greater value than another it relates to the proper discharge of governmental duties.

By the third section of the Frame of Government established by Penn, provision was made for the election of seventy-two Councilmen, to be divided into three classes, to serve one, two and three years respectively. It says: "One-third part of the whole Provincial Council falling off yearly, it shall be supplied by such new yearly elections as aforesaid; and that *no person shall continue longer than three years.*" This is the first limitation upon popular elections known in our history, and from it has grown the pernicious system now so generally followed throughout the State. We need not trace the changes in the Government in this particular, while it continued under the control of Penn, for the same principle was continued while his power was paramount.

After the commencement of the Revolution, the Proprietary Government was superceded by the Constitution adopted September 28, 1776. The eighth section of the second chapter of that instrument declares that "no person shall be capable of being elected members to serve in the House of Representatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth more than four years in seven." The same principle is conspicuous in the eleventh section, which provides for the appointment of Members of Congress by the General Assembly. It says: "No man shall sit in Congress longer than two years successively, nor be capable of re-election for three years afterwards." The nineteenth section contains many strange things. It relates to the election of the Supreme Executive Council, composed of twelve members one-third going out annually. The argument for the adoption of the system of rotation is stated as follows: "By this mode of election and continual rotation, more men will be trained to public business. There will, in every subsequent year, be found in the Council a number of persons acquainted with the proceedings of former years, whereby the business will be more conveniently conducted; and, moreover, the danger of establising an inconvenient aristocracy will be effectually prevented." It is not our purpose now to combat the rotary principle, but to show how it was engrafted on our Governmental system. The same section also provided that "Any person having served as councilman for three successive years shall be incapable of holding that office for three years afterwards."

The articles of confederation, for the Government of the United States, adopted in 1788, contain the following: "No State shall be represented in Congress by less than two, nor by more than seven; and no person shall be capable of being a delegate for more than three years in any term of six years." The same section says the delegates shall be chosen as the States shall direct, "with a power reserved to each State to recall its delegates, or any of them, at any time within the year, and to send others in their stead for the remainder of the year." Here is the new idea, evidently copied from the Pennsylvania Constitution of 1776, which disqualifies a man from serving longer than two years in Congress, and to this is added, "any delegate may be superceded at any time, by the General Assembly appointing another in his stead." From these provisions of organic laws, sprang the notion of the right of instruction by the Legislatures of the several States. Of course, there is no authority of law for the exercise of that assumed right; but instructions are resorted to whenever deemed expedient. It is, so to speak, a common law right, founded on ancient custom. Or, better, it is an illustration of the continuance of an usage after the reason for it has disappeared.

The Constitution of 1776 was abolished in 1790 by the establishment of a new Government, less restricted than the former one. The third section of the second article of this Constitution declared that "the Governor shall hold his office during three years from the third Tuesday in December next ensuing his election, and shall not be capable of holding it longer than *nine* in any term of *twelve* years. This is the only restriction contained in that instrument upon the re-election of officers, except that of Sheriff. Still the principle of rotation which was established at an earlier day was recognized, and the people very generally adhere to it up to this time, even when positive law does not bind them. The amended Constitution of the Commonwealth, adopted in 1838, changes the limitation of the service of the Governor to "*six* in any term of *nine* years." It was this restriction which last year prevented the friends of Governor CURTIN from bringing him forward for a third term, as they certainly otherwise would have done, and with absolute success. There are indications that two years hence, unless he shall meanwhile be elevated to a still higher position, his admirers will insist upon restoring him to the gubernatorial chair he filled with high honor to himself and eminent profit to the Commonwealth and nation.

The Constitution of the United States contains no limitation upon the period any person shall serve either as President or in any other capacity. In many of the States the people, clearly to their profit, practice upon the liberal spirit in which that instrument was framed in this particular. In Pennsylvania the old rule still obtains. Our people are reputed to be a little slow in adapting themselves to even beneficial changes. This is one manifestation, though not to be commended, of that stability for which Pennsylvania is conspicuous. Certainly, if the people of the State, or any district thereof, have selected a bad or incompetent man for special service, the sooner they drop him, the better. Neither he nor his backers should be allowed to plead that he has served but one year or one term, and is entitled by usage to another. No citizen has any claim to office but such as arises from his fitness to perform the duties thereof well. But if the people have obtained a servant who is capable and honest, the longer they retain him the better for themselves. "Knowledge is Power;" and this is just as true of the special knowledge essential to a particular function as to general knowledge, which constitutes the basis of ordinary intelligence. If it would not seem invidious, instances could be adduced of members of Congress, endowed with only a comparatively meagre outfit of brains or scholarship, who have become conspicuous by being retained in service term after term. They seem stronger, and are really stronger, in the national councils than much abler men of less experience in that employment.

For many years an impression prevailed that Southern statesmen were vastly better endowed than their Northern fellows. This was a great mistake. All the eminence of the Southern men consisted in their retention in office until they had acquired a perfect familiarity with the rules of proceedings, with legislative precedents, with the executive offices, with the ways of getting at information, with the arts of forming combinations, and with all the other expedients of parliamentary warfare. They had the superiority that came of drill and habit. They had the advantage—and it is a great one—which public confidence imparts, and this is the growth only of many years of relationship between a public character and the people.

Another, and perhaps most serious evil of the rotation system, is the fact that it prevents many men of acknowledged talents, aptitudes and rectitude from entering public life at all. It is one for a man who is conscious of superior gifts to set laboriously about preparing himself for usefulness in a particular sphere, if he has reasonable assurance that he will be sustained therein by those who have need of his efforts. It is quite another thing for a man to devote many years to a given range of studies with no other expectation than that when he has drilled and equipped himself for ripe usefulness he will be sent, in virtue of an arbitrary and absurd rule, into a retirement where those attainments will be of no special benefit. Sensible men will not consume years in mastering an acquirement which becomes valueless to them as soon as gained. This is why, in multitudes of instances, men of the best capacities refuse public stations and give themselves up to the pursuit of private business. When the people get wiser they will radically change their policy in this regard, by summarily dismissing all incompetents, demanding the best abilities, and holding steadily on thereto when once found and inducted into service.

Glass Eyes.

It is asserted that there are in this city at least seven thousand people who wear false eyes. There are two or three places here where false eyes are made and inserted. One house informs the public that "persons deprived of the eye can have this deformity removed by the insertion of an artificial one, which moves and looks like the natural organ. No pain when inserted. Parties at a distance having a broken eye, can have another one made without calling personally."

The manufacture of these eyes is done entirely by hand. A man sits down behind a jet of gas flame, which is pointed and directed as he wishes by a blow-pipe.

The pupil of the eye is made with a drop of black glass imbedded in the centre of the iris. The blood vessels seen in the white of the eye are easily put in with red glass while the optic is glowing with a heat like a ball of gold. The whole eye can be made inside of an hour, and it is at once ready to put in. The reader should know that it is simply a thin glass shell, which is intended to cover the stump of the blind eye. After being dipped in water this shell is slipped in a place, being held by the eyelids. The secret of imparting motion to it depends upon working the glass eye so that it shall fit the stump—if it is too large, it will not move; if it fits nicely, it moves in every particular like the natural eye, and it is quite impossible, in many cases, to tell one from the other. The operation is not in the least painful, and those who have worn them a number of years feel better with them than when they are out. A glass eye should be taken out every night and put in in the morning. In three or four years the false eye becomes so worn that a new one has to be obtained. Some ladies, who live at a distance from the manufactory, keep a box of glass eyes on hand in case of accident, for, besides wearing out, they will break under certain circumstances, as when "Hate's last lightning quivers from his eyes."—*From the American Artisan.*

A SAD SCENE.—The passengers on board the Watervliet horse car, which left West Troy for Albany at half-past six o'clock on Sunday evening, witnessed a most disgusting and revolting spectacle. Among those who entered the car in the village was a gentlemanly appearing man, accompanied by two small children and a woman, who was finely dressed, but in a beastly state of intoxication. She indulged in the most shocking language in the car, despite the entreaties of her husband and cries of her children. Finally, her conduct and language became so unbearable that the conductor was compelled to eject her from the car, while her husband sat down and, with his little children, wept most bitterly. The sad scene affected many of the passengers to tears. After being ejected from the car the crazed woman—despite her shocking condition—was followed by her husband and children, who remained with her on the road. The family reside in Albany, and had been on a visit to West Troy.—*Albany Argus.*

A VENERABLE correspondent of the Fort Wayne *Gazette* gives some interesting recollections of the death and burial of "Mad" Anthony Wayne, who expired at Erie, Pennsylvania, in 1796, of an attack of malignant gout. His remains were buried there, but Colonel Wayne, his son, employed Dr. Wallace to disinter and prepare them so as to be packed in the smallest possible space. By him the bones were separated, and, under his supervision, the flesh boiled off; then packed in a box, and lashed behind the sulky of Colonel Wayne, were taken to the family burial place, and there deposited in Radnor—St. David's Episcopal Church, fourteen miles west of Philadelphia. Here the Pennsylvania Society of Cincinnati erected a monument bearing this inscription:

"Major General Anthony Wayne was born at Waynesboro, Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1845. After a life of honor and usefulness, he died in December, 1796, at Erie, Pennsylvania, then a military post on Lake Erie, Commander-in-chief of the army of the United States."

A NEW GOLD REGION.—The Black Hills of Dakota, which are an outlying group of hills belonging to the Rocky Mountain range, are believed to abound in gold, silver, copper, coal, and other minerals. Unlike the mining region of Colorado, these hills are said to yield fine, large timber, while they are watered by two branches of the Big Cheyenne, a tributary of the Upper Missouri. Last spring an expedition of miners and scientific men was organized to explore this country, but it would have been exposed to great danger from the Indians, and would have added to the existing complications with them, and General Sherman stopped it. So strongly, however, are the frontiersmen impressed with a conviction of the mineral and metallic wealth of that country, that a new expedition will be organized, and they say that they will go next spring in spite of General Sherman.

THE "stone fleet" sunk in Charleston harbor during the war does not appear to have done any permanent injury. An English vessel, drawing eighteen and a half feet, has entered the port, loaded with railway iron. The deepest laden vessel that had previously entered drew but seventeen feet. The frantic alarm which led to Lord Russell's impertinent interference in that matter was as groundless as it was injurious.

THE *Friar's Point* (Miss.) *Coahomian* makes mention of a peculiar and fatal malady that has made its appearance among the horses and mules of that vicinity. It first makes its appearance in the shape of a small, hard lump or swelling, which confines itself to no one part of the animal's body, but in the majority of cases appears on the throat and breast, thence spreading rapidly in every direction all over the body. In some instances a few animals have lived twenty-four hours after the first appearance of the swelling, but generally six or eight hours is the outside time. In two cases, one a horse and the other a mule, death took place in just forty minutes. Various remedies have been tried, but without success, although in a very few instances the animals have recovered. At least two hundred have died from the effects of this swelling.

TAURINE NINEPINS.—A book of travels in Spain describes a new feature of bull fighting. Nine negroes, dressed grotesquely, stand in a row. The bull, being admitted, goes butting among them, right and left, and speedily knocks down all who have not the good sense to anticipate his action by "dropping." Then the darkeys all get up again. Chairs were brought, and the Sambos seated themselves "ninepin row." Again the bull entered; again he butted right and left; and again nine Sambos were prostrate in a mixed pile of chairs and darkeys. The narrator of the achievement says: This was great fun, and it was repeated several times; the bull liked it, the "ninepins" seemed to like it, the people gloried in it.

THE people of Java have rather a lively time of it. According to the latest official statistics contained in the *Tijdschrift voor Nederlandsch Java*, the tiger has in one year consumed exactly one hundred and forty-eight human beings, and in another year one hundred and thirty-one. The crocodiles cleared an average of fifty people a year, while serpents accounted for between twenty-two and forty-three. But the Dutch seem to accept their fate with characteristic equanimity. The Governor General a long while ago offered as a prize for every tiger that was killed the munificent sum of twenty-two guilders ($10)! His subjects apparently prefer being eaten by the tiger.

CURIOSITIES OF SUICIDE.—A volume might be written about the curiosities of suicide. The papers record one which exceeds in eccentricity even that of the young fellow who destroyed himself, on the ground that "born a man, he could not reconcile himself to live a grocer." The suicide in this instance was a youth of twenty, who killed himself by running several dozen pins into his chest, and died from loss of blood; he left a letter on the table saying his life was not worth a pin, and that he had adopted this unusual mode of terminating it because he thought it *piquant!*

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE regulates and tones the Stomach.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is a sovereign remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure cures fever and ague. Let those afflicted with this malady try it.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure cures instantaneously, and you do not have to wait a week to see its effect.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is the greatest appetizer ever known; it not only creates the appetite, but enables you to eatly the food digested.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is recommended by all the leading physicians.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure is an invaluable friend to all who are weak, debilitated and in a low state of normal action.

Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity.

JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist,

No. 84 Market Street.

ITCH, TETTER, ALL SKIN DISEASES,

Salt Rheum; Scald Head. Eruptions.

'SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.'

Entirely eradicates these troublesome complaints.

Swayne's "All-Healing Ointment."

"Cures Itch in from 12 to 48 hours."

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

Sold by M'CLARRAN & M'KENNAN, 83 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 97 Wood st., JOS. FLEMING, 84 Fifth street, A. TOBRENCK, cor. 4th and Market sts., Pittsburgh; KANE & DEHAITT, Allegheny.

jes8:26wTTS

TORTURE.

Who would endure the torture arising from Chills and Fever, when it can be easily cured?

Who would endure sleepless nights, burning fevers, and icy chills alternately, when a remedy can be obtained for a trifle?

Who would wander like an uncertain shadow, never knowing What moment they may be prostrated?

Who would be a burden to himself and a burden to his friends, who are worn out in administering to his wants?

Who would live this life of agony when the great alterative and tonic,

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, can be obtained at the nearest village. This long established and justly renowned medicine has never been known to fail in a single case, and none but the foolish and weak would hesitate to procure it at once, and save themselves from intense, life-long torture. Prepared after a long experience and deep study, it has received the encomiums of the most eminent physicians, as well as all classes from every other part of the country. To those who doubt it, many witnesses may be found to testify to its great efficacy in curing fever and ague, Dyspepsia, Languor, Nausea, and similar ills.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and care in the management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which had been advised to "let alone" on account of its increasing cough, which it was feared might fasten on my lungs. I knew that the popular mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to a discharge which I was constrained to believe was a salutary provision of Nature to get rid of some morbid condition in the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying to the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the injections you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies and vigor of restored health.

Yours gratefully, C——.

DR. KEYSER'S consultation rooms are No. 120 Penn street, from 9 A. M. until 4 p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert 7-30's, free of charge, upon Government terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Bank, Gas and Bridge Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c.

WANTED.—The Bonds of the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

LEAD PIPE,

SHEET LEAD,

HYDRANTS,

PUMPS, SINKS,

BATH TUBS,

WASH STANDS,

STONE DRAIN PIPE,

Etc., Etc.,

No. 167 Smithfield Street.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

au28:u6 WRS

GRAIN DRILLS,

FANNING MILLS,

PORTABLE CRASS CUT WOOD SAWING MACHINES

Straw Cutters,

AT 319 LIBERTY STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Or at the Works in COLUMBIANA, OHIO.

au28 W. W. WALLACE.

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES, FRENCH BURR SMUT MACHINES, the best Wheat cleaner and Buckwheat huller in use. PORTABLE FLOUR AND FEED MILLS. BOLTING CLOTHS, all numbers and best quality. STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS. MILL IRONS, CASTINGS AND MILL FURNISHING, at

319 LIBERTY STREET,

W. W. WALLACE.

STEAM MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED SLATE WORKS.—Every variety of Marble and Slate Mantles on hand and made to order. Beautiful Slate Mantles at twenty per cent. less than they have ever been sold in this city. This is the only place in Western Pennsylvania where Slate mantles are made. All kinds of Marble work constantly on hand.

319 LIBERTY STREET,

W. W. WALLACE.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 30, 1866. au28:eod&F

STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

Wilson's Albany, 75c per 100.

" " $5.00 per 1,000.

" " $40.00 per 10,000.

Agriculturist, Hovden's Prolific and other choice varieties, ready in September from the Sewickley Nurseries of

T. L. SHIELDS & CO.,

au28:e27 Pittsburgh P. O.

BELTING! BELTING!—Leather Belting, of the best quality; also, Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose, Gaskets, &c., of all sizes and best quality, and lowest prices. Lace Leather and Silver Skives on hand.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

au8 76 and 78 St. Clair street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOS. CARLIN,

FOURTH WARD FOUNDRY AND MACHINE WORKS,

SANDUSKY STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY, Pa., manufacturers of ROLLING MILL AND MACHINE CASTINGS. au28

R. P. GETTY,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Choice Wines and Liquors,

NO. 55 N. E. Cor. OHIO ST. AND DIAMOND, au28 Allegheny City, Pa.

THE FALL TERM OF THE

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE

WILL COMMENCE

Wednesday, September 4th.

The buildings have been refitted in splendid style, and 22 able and accomplished teachers engaged for the coming year. The College offers unsurpassed facilities for all the solid and ornamental branches.

BISHOP M. SIMPSON,

an28:e45 President of Trustees.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—In the matter of the estate of John Evans, deceased, late of Elizabeth Township, Allegheny county, Penna. No. —, June Term, 1867.

The Rita Evans, late widow of John Evans, deceased, now inter married with Edward Evans, Hosier Rigby and Julia Ann, his wife, formerly Julia Ann Evans, Daniel Krider and Franklin ——, his wife, formerly Francis V. Evans; Samuel Evans, William Evans, and Eliza Jane Evans, a minor child of said John Evans, deceased, by her guardian ad litem James McFeel, Esq.

You are hereby notified that an Inquisition will be held in pursuance of the above mentioned writ of partition or valuation on the premises in Elizabeth Township,

On Thursday, the 10th day of October, 1867,

at 11 o'clock A. M., to make partition to and among the heirs, &c., of said deceased, in such manner and in such proportions as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed, &c., at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

SAMUEL B. CLULEY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Aug. 27, 1867. au28:e4d w

GRAFF, BYERS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

GAS PIPE,

AND

OIL WELL TUBING,

Office, No. 98 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

au28:e20

H. ROHBOCK,

TEACHER OF

PIANO AND ORGAN,

Informs the public that after ten years' most successful teaching at the Female College, he has RESIGNED his position, and will devote his entire time to his largely increasing class of private pupils. He will, therefore, be able to accommodate with lessons ALL who may apply to him, and not disappoint any. Organ pupils will receive instruction on a PEDAL BASS ORGAN, with two banks of keys and twelve stops, the largest and most complete instrument made by Messrs. E. Hall & Co., of Biddeford, Me. ROHBOCK, who taught for eight years at the Cor. Second and Ferry streets, has REMOVED to his Residence, No. 31 FERRY STREET, two doors below third street. au28:e18

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

26 FIFTH STREET.

Offer a large assortment of

WHITE GOODS,

Embroideries,

REAL LACES, Etc.,

To which they invite the attention of buyers. au28

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm of CARLIN, BYERS & CO., at the Ward Foundry and Machine Works, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Andrew Gibson retiring from the firm. Parties indebted will please pay up promptly, and all having claims against the late firm will present them at once. The business of the late firm will be settled by the former partners, THOS. CARLIN and STEPHENSON, who is authorized to use the name of the firm for that purpose.

THOS. CARLIN,

ANDREW GIBSON.

ALLEGHENY, Aug. 26, 1867. au28:e3d

CHICKERING PIANO

Nearly New—For Sale Cheap.

A Magnificently Carved Rosewood Chickering Piano,

With full overstringing bass and all modern improvements. Has been in use but a short time, and is in perfect order in every way. The owner is leaving the city, and will sell at a great sacrifice, to a cash customer. It may be seen at

C. C. HELLOR'S PIANO ROOMS,

au28:e23 81 WOOD STREET.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1867, one Alexander Mc Kemp was duly adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 61 Diamond street, in the city of Pittsburgh, before SAMUEL PETTIS, Register, on the 23d DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

au28:e23 LEWIS A. HOWLEY, U. S. Marshal.

The Highest Market Price

PAID FOR

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

GOLD, SILVER,

COUPONS AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

J. F. STARK & CO., Bankers,

Cor. WOOD AND THIRD STREETS.

myl:ly

BRICK! BRICK!

THE CHARTIERS VALLEY

BRICK COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish

BRICK,

in small or large quantities, at a REDUCED PRICE. A large stock always on hand at their yard, corner of TAY and FOURTH STREETS, and near David Steen's Coal Yards.

S. Y. KENNEDY, Agent.

au19:d30

NEW PAPER HANGINGS,

NOW RECEIVING, IN GREAT VARIETY, AT

No. 107 Market Street.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

au26

THE PITTSBURGH

Steam Brick Manufacturing Co.

THE BEST PRESSED BRICK EXTANT.

Works Adjacent to the City Farm.

Office, over the Peoples' National Bank of Pittsburgh, corner of FIRST AND WOOD STS. Office hours from 8½ to 9 A. M.

M. DICKSON, President.

W. W. BURCHFIELD,

Vice President and Treasurer.

UNION ENTERPRISE FOUNDRY,

WM. M. JOHNSTON,

Manufacturer of COOKING STOVES, ARCHES, GRATES, FENDERS, ASH WEIGHTS, and all kinds of HOLLOW WARE, CAR WHEELS and all kinds of MACHINERY CASTINGS, corner of WATSON and CHINGUIS STREETS, foot of Fifth street extension, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GOURLAY BROS.,

SHIRT MANUFACTURERS

27 Barclay St., near Church St.,

NEW YORK.

N. B.—Price Lists sent on application. au28:d32

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of THOMAS PATTERSON, deceased, late of Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Penna., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. MARGARET PATTERSON, } Exe'rs.

au27:e74 FRANK PATTERSON, } Elizabeth Township.

FRUIT JAR EMPORIUM.

TWELVE DIFFERENT STYLES,

Self-sea'ers and the Common, best in the market. Superior Fruit Wax and Moulded Jelly Tumblers.

J. P. SMITH & CO.,

au27 149 Liberty street foot of Fifth.

FOR SALE.—A BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY, doing a good business; dwelling attached; first class location. Best of reasons for selling. This is an extraordinary opportunity for any one seeking a business location, as the situation is first class, the stock complete, and business established. Will be sold at a bargain if applied for soon. Address "INVALID," *Commercial* office. au27:e60

FOR RENT.

FOUR ROOMS,

Or the whole of the third story over the Western Savings Bank, 59 Fourth street. Rooms are newly fitted up, and will be rented together or separately. au27:e3

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.—The best and only Wringer that is warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere. For sale by the sole agents for Allegheny county,

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

au9 76 and 78 St. Clair street,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,

NO. 31

Fifth Street.

WE ARE SELLING

The Balance of our Stock

OF

SUMMER GOODS

AT

Greatly Reduced Prices.

And Other Styles and Kinds

IN PROPORTION.

31 Fifth Street.

au28

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRY GOODS

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

Robe de Chambres---new styles,

Black Alpacas,

Black Silks, Shawls,

Balmorals and Hoop Skirts,

Tickings, Checks,

Table Linens,

Country Flannels--plain & bar'd,

Country Blankets,

Grey Blankets, Coverlets,

Hosiery, Gloves, Shirt Fronts,

Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.,

A FULL LINE

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

au28

TEAS! TEAS!

Of all Prices and Quality, at

A. KIRK'S.

GREEN TEAS.

Prime Young Hyson	$1.80	per pound.
Extra good "	1.60	"
Good "	1.40	"
Good "	1.30	"
Good "	1.00	"

BLACK TEAS—Oolongs.

Best Oolong	$1.40	per pound.
Good "	1.30	"
Extra "	1.30	"

BLACK TEAS—Powchong, Souchong and Congoes.

Ex. Fine Rose Flav'd Eng. Breakfast	$1.30		
" High "	Old Country, do	1.30	
" "	Congoe	1.00	

JAPAN TEAS.

Uncolored Japan, very pleasant flavor $1.30

Japan, Young Hyson, Leaf 1.00

MIXED TEAS.

No. 1 Mixed Teas, ½ best Black, ½ do. Y. H.	$1.60		
No. 2 " " ½ 2d best " ½ do. "	1.30		

From the above any one can select just what kind of Tea they want, and have them put up in any quantity, and forwarded by any of the Express Companies, who now carry goods at very low rates, and by doing so save twenty cents per pound in the price, besides getting a pure and clean article which exactly suits their taste.

A. KIRK,

172 and 174 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

au27:e36

CAUTION!

BEWARE OF IMPOSTERS!

Having been informed that parties with wagons and carpet sacks are peddling, in and around the city,

Tobaccos of an Inferior Quality,

And that they represent the same as of our manufacture, we hereby notify the public that all such parties are acting without authority, and that the Tobacco they sell is NOT OF THE MANUFACTURE OF

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Third Door from the Suspension Bridge,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

au27:d6s

THE OLD, ORIGINAL

TEA STORE!

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

Young Hyson,

Old Hyson,

Imperial,

Gunpowder,

Eng. Breakfast,

Congoe,

Souchong,

Oolong,

Old Country Black,

And Japan

TEAS,

ALL OF THE BEST QUALITY.

No. 20 Fifth Street.

au28

"THAT TENNESSEE FLOUR."

75 bbls. "Broadway," now landing, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Grading of Jefferson Street, in the Second Ward.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading of Jefferson Street, from Beaver to Federal street, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said street respectively, in proportion to feet front in their respective comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said street respectively, according to the rule and principle indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the 26th day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of August, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McBRIER,

President pro tem., of Select Council.

Attest: D. MACFERRON,

Clerk of Select Council.

GEO. D. RIDDLE,

President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,

Clerk of Common Council. au28

RESOLUTION to open Union street.

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, That Union street be and it is hereby opened from its present southern terminus to North Avenue, and that John, James Graham and John Cunningham, freeholders, be and they are hereby appointed viewers to view and assess the damages and benefits in accordance with the provisions of an Act of Assembly, approved May 1st, A. D. 1850, and that the Clerks of Councils notify them of their appointment.

Ordained and enacted into a law this, the 22d day of August, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McBRIER,

President of Select Council.

Attest: D. MACFERRON,

Clerk of Select Council.

GEO. D. RIDDLE,

President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,

Clerk of Common Council. au28

AN ORDINANCE to widen Sidewalks on Ridge street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the sidewalks on Ridge street shall be fifteen feet wide.

SEC. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of August, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McBRIER,

President of the Select Council.

Attest: D. MACFERRON,

Clerk of the Select Council.

GEO. D. RIDDLE,

President of the Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,

Clerk of the Common Council. au28

RESOLUTION to open Morton's Alley.

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, That Morton's alley, in the Second Ward, be and it is hereby opened from its present termination to Montgomery avenue, and that John Arnold, John H. Ingham and John A. Scott, freeholders, be and they are hereby appointed viewers to view and assess the damages and benefits in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly, approved May 1st, A. D. 1850, and that the Clerks of Councils notify them of their appointment.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of August, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McBRIER,

President of Select Council.

Attest: D. MACFERRON,

Clerk of Select Council.

GEO. D. RIDDLE,

President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,

Clerk of Common Council. au28

AN ORDINANCE changing the names of streets.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny,* and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That the following named streets shall hereafter be known and designated as follows, viz: Fulton street, in the Fifth Ward as Liberty street.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of August, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McBRIER,

President of Select Council.

Attest: D. MACFERRON,

Clerk of Select Council.

GEO. D. RIDDLE,

President of Common Council.

Attest: R. DILWORTH,

Clerk of Common Council. au28

AN ORDINANCE for fixing the place for Holding Elections.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny,* and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That the place for holding the elections in the Fifth and Sixth Wards shall be and the same is hereby changed from the present places of holding elections, respectively, on the corner of Chestnut and Fifth streets, to the corner of Chestnut and Sixth streets.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of August A. D. 1867.

JAMES McBRIER,

President of Select Council.

Attest: D. MACFERRON,

Clerk of Select Council.

GEO. D. RIDDLE,

President of Common Council.

Attest: R. DILWORTH,

Clerk of Common Council. au28

AN ORDINANCE regulating the Length of Curbstones.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny,* and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That section 20, Chapter 11, Part 9, City Code, be, and it is hereby amended so as to read after the cause "With a curb of six inches," and shall be not less than three feet in length, and no more than four feet in length, except, that the provisions of this ordinance shall not be construed to interfere with existing contracts for grading and paving.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of August, A. D. 1867.

JAMES McBRIER,

President of Select Council.

Attest: D. MACFERRON,

Clerk of Select Council.

GEO. D. RIDDLE,

President of Common Council.

Attest: R. DILWORTH,

Clerk of Common Council. au28

KELLEY'S WEEKLY,

AN ILLUSTRATED JOURNAL FOR THE PEOPLE.

We will commence Saturday, September 7, 1867, the publication of the first volume of KELLEY'S, a paper of sixteen pages of the same size and form as HARPER'S WEEKLY. No expense will be spared in making it the best Literary paper published in the world. Our illustrations will be original, and will, given with the full text of the story. Some of the most distinguished writers of America and Europe have been engaged to contribute to its columns.

On SATURDAY, September 7, 1867, we will distribute half a million dollars of the profits in shares to our patrons, from a subscription amounting to $2,000,000.

One share returned to every subscriber.

One share cash	$ 20,000
One share cash	10,000
One share cash	4,000

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c.

AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.'S,

Buyers will find the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY, of

Straw and Millinery Goods;
Ribbons, Flowers, Frames;
Embroideries, Laces;
Handkerchiefs, White Goods;
Gloves Hosiery, Woolen Goods;
Hoop and Balmoral Skirts;
Yarns, Worsteds;
Furnishing Goods;
Paper Collars;
Fancy Goods and Notions;

AND AT POPULAR PRICES!

WE ARE ALSO RECEIVING

NEW GOODS,

And will have all the latest NOVELTIES. Call and examine, at

77 and 79 Market Street.

Agents for HALL & MANNING'S SPOOL COTTON. au22:s80

FIRST ARRIVAL!

OF

FALL GOODS!

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

BEAD GIMPS AND BUTTONS.
BEAD NECKLACES, BEADED BELTS.
GUTTA PERCHA FANS, something new.
BUCKLES AND BRACELETS.
BOXWOOD AND CORAL SETS.
LADIES' SATCHELS.
GENTS' TRAVELING BAGS.
HAMBURG WORK.
JACONET EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS.
THREAD EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS.
MALTESE COLLARS.
CRAPE COLLARS, new styles.
TRIMMING RIBBONS.
50 doz. TUCKED HANDK'FS, 25 cents each.
MORRISON'S "STAR" SHIRTS, a full line.

Together with our Summer Stock of

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.
TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS generally

We Offer to Buyers, Wholesale and Retail

At the Very Lowest Prices,

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 & 80 MARKET STREET.

au22

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

RICH AND ELEGANT STYLES OF

BEAD GIMPS AND FRINGES.

A NEW LOT, VERY CHEAP, OF

MALTESE LACE COLLARS AND HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS.
SUPER ENGLISH TRIMMING RIBBONS.
HAMBURG EDGINGS, new Styles.
FRENCH CORSETS, new shapes.
BRADLEY'S DUPLEX SKIRTS, new shape.

We have just opened a superior lot of

Ladies' Promenade Satchels, and Gents' Traveling Bags,

Of the best quality and most popular styles. We invite special attention to our new lot of

English Cotton Hosiery and English and French Made

GLOVES.

The "Star" Shirt,

And all kinds of FURNISHING GOODS, at LOW PRICES.

Merchants and Dealers supplied at Low Prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S.

No. 97 Market Street.

New Calicos for 12½c.

Bleached Muslins for 12½c.

10-4 Bleached Sheeting, 50c.

New Dark Chintz, 50c.

Remember the place,

No. 97 Market Street.

au15:s80

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street,

Have just opened a large new stock of seasonable

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

Which they offer at EASTERN PRICES. Merchants assorting up should call at

No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W.T. SHANNON. J.G. STEPHENSON
1e29

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CARPENTERS, BUILDERS.

C. YOEST.....C. T. YOEST.
J. E. V. KETTERER.....Foreman.

YOEST BROTHERS,

House Carpenters and Builders.

All kinds of Jobbing and Building promptly attended to. Orders left at No. 469 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, and No. 13 PEARL ST., Birmingham, will receive prompt attention.

JNO. FRANCIS.....SAM'L FRANCIS.

J. & S. FRANCIS,

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

Contracts taken for Buildings, Store Fronts, and Jobbing. Particular attention given to Heavy Framing for Foundries and Shops, of all descriptions.

Nos. 266 and 268 Robinson St., Allegheny City, Pa.

17:s6d

Z. H. PALMER,

House Builder and Carpenter.

Office, corner of BAKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.

Jobbing and Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. jy9:b76

HOUSE BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS.

BUILDING AND REPAIRS promptly attended to by

FURGESON & BEHM,

17 Smithfield street.

au19:

DYERS AND SCOURERS.

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

DYER AND SCOURER,

Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed.

KID GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES cleaned or dyed.

C. G. FISCHER'S

FANCY

Dyeing and Scouring Establishment

No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,

Between Wood and Smithfield streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All goods returned in two weeks. Goods kept subject to the owner twelve months. my18:b26

COLGATE & CO.'S GERMAN

CRADLE SOAP

is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers. myt5:w

HILLDALE CEMETERY.

All business with the Corporation of Hillside Cemetery, of date anterior to FIRST OF APRIL, 1867, and remaining unsettled, will be attended to at my office, No. 19 IRWIN ST., Pittsburgh.

JOHN SEMPLE.

ICE CREAM, EATING, &c.

WILLIAMSON'S

DINING ROOMS,

No. 36 Market St.,

(Between Second and Third Streets,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The house is newly furnished with everything that constitutes a first class Eating House. The choicest of everything the market affords will be served up at all hours of the day or night.

LADIES' DINING ROOMS, second floor.

J. H. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.

The highest market price paid for all kinds of seasonable game. my19:b72

JAMES B. YOUNGSON,

No. 900 Wylie Street,

Respectfully informs all those who are in want of anything in his line that he has opened a first class

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,

At the above number. Fresh BREAD & CAKES, of all descriptions, on hand. Also, FRUITS, NUTS, &c. Splendid ICE CREAM ROOM, refitted up in style. Special attention given to furnishing Private Parties, Dinners and Picnics with ICE CREAM, CAKES and FRUIT.

FRESH BREAD morning and evening.

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

P. H. M'GUIRE,

No. 89 FIFTH STREET, above Smithfield, opposite Dr. Clark's Methodist Church. ICE CREAM, SODA WATER, FANCY CAKES, FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, &c.

Parties and private families supplied at short notice and reasonable terms. je18:s

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c.,

furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c.

At the lowest prices and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER

No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

je26:3m

NEW STORE.

E. W. HORBACH,

Confectioner, Fruit Store & Bakery,

ICE CREAM SALOON, and

LADIES' ORDINARY.

5 300 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Seventh and Liberty. my27:s80

PAINTERS.

WESLEY COULTER.....JOHN LANE.

COULTER & LANE,

House and Sign Painters,

No. 100 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh,

(Opposite Cathedral.)

GLASS CARDS done to order.

W. B. ROWLAND.....W. M. HARRIS.

ROWLAND & HARRIS,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 64 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

CALCIMINING done in the best manner.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 133 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh.

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c. jy26:s19

F. R. HUTCHINSON.....R. J. HEPBURN.

HUTCHINSON & HEPBURN,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 86 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

REMOVAL.

JOHN F. CLULEY,

House and Sign Painter,

Has removed to

No. 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

my3:r97 Opposite the old stand.

ROBERT M'COWAN.....JNO. SNYDER.

M'COWAN & SNYDER,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, AND GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS.

No. 65, North side of Diamond, Allegheny.

Commercial and glass signs made to order. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly executed. Mixed Paints, Window Glass and Putty constantly on hand. ap18:s35

HATS, CAPS, &c.

NEW FALL GOODS,

JUST RECEIVING, AT

M'CORD & CO.'S,

No. 131 Wood St.

A very large stock of

HATS, CAPS AND FURS,

All the new styles for the FALL SALES, selling at THE LOWEST PRICES. au15

HATS! HATS!

W. P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

At No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Have one of the very best retail stocks of

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS

in the city, and constantly in receipt of all that is new, as soon as they can be "expressed." Every attention given to retailing, exclusively. au21:s28

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.,

CHAS. S. BARR. GEO. W. KNAKE. WM. BUETTLER.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. al7:r66

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS.

The purest in tone; the most powerful; the most elegant finished; will stand in tune longer than any other. New stock just received.

For sale at less than factory prices.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, 48 Fifth street,

Sole Agent for Knabe's Pianos, Haines Bros. Pianos, and Prince's Automatic Organs. au8

LIVERY STABLES.

MERCHANTS'

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,

J. W. NICHOLSON, PROPRIETOR.

NOS. 141 AND 143 THIRD STREET,

(Opposite Merchants' Hotel.)

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., for hire. Particular attention paid to purchase and sale of Horses. au8:d4

THOMAS MORELAND.....DANIEL L. MITCHELL.

MORELAND & MITCHELL,

Livery and Sale Stables,

625 LIBERTY STREET,

Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearses and Carriages for funerals. Horses kept at livery. my2:r26

H. B. MILLER, Bazaar, Livery

and SALE STABLES. Also, Furnishing Undertaker. All kinds of Coffins, &c., at the lowest rates, kept constantly on hand. CARSON STREET, between Ormsby and Denman streets, Birmingham. Horses, Carriages and new Buggies for hire. Hearses and Carriages always in readiness for Funerals. Horses kept at Livery by the day, month or year, and boarded by the best manner. Private families furnished with the safest Horses and most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open all hours of the day and night. my23:r76

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.

DR. WEST begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed his office and stables from the Red Lion yard to ST. CHARLES STABLE, opposite rear end of the St. Charles Hotel, Third street. Sick and Lame Horses taken in and skillfully treated, on moderate terms. Horses of any infectious diseases not admitted, but every attention paid to them at the owner's risk. DOCTOR WEST'S celebrated CURE ALL LINIMENT, as used by all the principal Veterinary Surgeons in America, will be kept constantly on hand, at 50 cents per bottle. It may be had in bottles, at his office.

Night and country cases promptly attended to. Remember the address, Charles Stables, THIRD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel. je7:s66

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY,

VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER,

Thankful for the patronage heretofore received, respectfully announces that he has opened an HOSPITAL STABLE at the corner of Liberty street and Kay lane, Allegheny City, also, a TRAINING and BOARDING STABLE on Beaver street, between Ohio street and Stockton avenue. Those in the latter will receive the same personal attention given to boarding, selling, soliciting and improving HORSES, and, with the assistance of Miss DUFFEY CHILDS, (who may be seen at his residence, corner of East Lane and Liberty street, Allegheny,) will give lessons in riding to either Ladies or Gentlemen. Refers, by permission, to the following gentlemen: Judge Kelly, Hon. Wm. D. Lyon, Capt. Jas. Kirker, M.D., D. M. Evans. je24:s80

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

48 HAND STREET.

A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipes and Pouches always on hand. my17:s66

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 9 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

ly6:b80

The Pittsburgh Gazette

UNITED STATES COURT.

Verdict in the Lycoming County Whiskey Case—Another on Trial—O'Hara Bankruptcy Case—Counterfeiting Case Continued.

In the United States District Court, the case of Jesse B. Rank, Phineas M. Barber and Ambrose B. Henderson, of Lycoming county, libel against thirty-six barrels of whisky and other property, for alleged violation or non-compliance with the Internal Revenue law—on trial since Friday last,—was brought to a close yesterday afternoon, the jury finding the following allegations in the libel to be true: First, that the distillery was fraudulently operated from the 25th of December, 1865, to March 18th, 1867, while running. Second, that about three thousand five hundred and twenty-three gallons of whisky were distilled during that period, of which no report was made to the Assessor of Internal Revenue. And of which no entry was made in books required by law to be kept by the distiller for that purpose, and on which the revenue tax and duty of two dollars per gallon had not been paid, amounting to the sum of $7,047. Thirdly, that the above parties removed from said distillery about three thousand five hundred and twenty-three gallons of said whisky fraudulently for consumption and sale.

ANOTHER CASE.

The next case was a libel against Barber & Masterson, (defendants in the former one) for taking raw spirits as distilled by Jesse B. Rank, and rectifying the same, with knowledge that the tax had not been paid. The case was on trial at adjournment.

CASE CONTINUED.

On motion of District Attorney Carnahan, the case of the United States vs. Charles Johnson, of Pitthole, indicted for selling counterfeit money, was continued until the October term. The reason assigned was the absence of an important witness. The defendant renewed his recognizance in the sum of $5,000.

THE O'HARA CASE IN BANKRUPTCY.

Alex. H. Miller, Esq., presented the petition of the firm of Williams & Co., composed of Messrs. O. H. P. Williams, George E. Brewer, and Elijah L. Jones, doing business in Duquesne borough, for adjudication in bankruptcy against Michael O'Hara, late partner of J. Harvey Robinson, as O'Hara & Robinson, glass manufacturers. The proceeding is in accordance with the decision of Judge Williams, of our District Court, in the bench warrant case against Mr. O'Hara, that the general bankrupt law superseded the proceedings in State Courts.

The petitioners are the creditors of the firm of O'Hara & Robinson, on a book account, to the amount of $1,511, for lumber furnished, and that within six months Mr. O'Hara committed an act of bankruptcy, viz: on the 29th of June last made a gift of seven thousand dollars to William Harrison, of Liberty Tp., this county, as a trustee or trustee of Bella O'Hara, his wife, for her benefit, with intent to defraud the creditors of himself and the firm—and seven thousand dollars being a portion of about eleven thousand dollars of which he became possessed. The petitioners further say that they are informed that O'Hara admits the gift for the benefit of his wife, but claims that it was made in the discharge of a debt due her by him; wherefore the petitioners claim that if it was a debt, his payment of it, when insolvent or contemplating bankruptcy, to the guardian or trustee, was with intent to give this claim precedence and to defeat and delay the operation of the bankrupt law. The petitioners further aver that O'Hara was in possession, on the first of August, of about $20,000, in drafts, money, &c., and, with the knowledge that legal proceedings were about to be commenced against him by creditors, concealed and removed his property to avoid attachment, and was on the eve of departing from the State when apprehended as an absconding debtor, brought back to the city, and held to answer the criminal charge of absconding with intent to defraud his creditors. Further, that on July 3d, O'Hara sold and transferred articles belonging to the firm or O'Hara & Robinson, of the value of $1,679, to John Griffin, for $400 cash, also with intent to defraud, and that on the 16th of August he paid to Hugh Callahan, one of his creditors, $500, with intent to give him preference. That O'Hara, being a merchant and trader, on the 29th of July, fraudulently suspended payment of his commercial paper.

The petitioners, in view of the facts set forth, verified by affidavit, prayed that O'Hara be declared a bankrupt, and that a warrant be issued to take possession of his estate, that the same may be distributed according to law, and that such further proceedings may be had thereon as the law prescribes.

The Court ordered the warrant to be issued, and also granted a rule, required in such cases, for Mr. O'Hara to appear within the specified time and show cause why he should not be adjudged a bankrupt. Sept. 4th is the day fixed for hearing.

The Reed House, at Erie

Hon. Wilson McCandless, Judge of the United States Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, being unable to attend at the opening of the Reed House, at Erie, owing to his official duties, addressed the following letter to the Invitation Committee:

PITTSBURGH, August 26, 1867.

Gentlemen—Thank you for the invitation to be present at the opening of the "Reed House," on the 29th instant.

Identified, as I now feel myself to be, with the people of Erie, their interests and prosperity, I regret, very much, that my pressing official engagements will prevent my acceptance.

You do well to celebrate an event, which will not only add to the reputation of your city abroad, but which will mark the third generation of a family, to whose intrepidity, industry and enterprise, the whole northwest is so largely indebted for the development of its untold resources. With the pioneer, the mariner, and the merchant, such men deserve to be canonized, and each new improvement which contributes to the establishment of your beautiful city is but an additional stone in the monument to Seth Reed, Rufus S. Reed, and Gen. Charles M. Reed, grand-father, father and son. It is rare in the history of our country that success attends lineal descent, but it always does, when accompanied by the talents, the virtues, and the energies, which are its constituent elements.

General Reed, and the citizens of Erie, may feel a just pride in the stately edifice his munificence has erected, and the wayfarer will feel for the comfort and happiness to be enjoyed beneath its roof.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
WILSON McCANDLESS

Regalia Presentation.

The members of Manchester Lodge No. 402, I. O. O. F., at their Hall, corner of Locust and Beaver streets, Manchester, on Monday evening, presented a magnificent regalia to D. D. G. M. Joseph Chadwick, who is a member of the Lodge, as a mark of their esteem. The recipient was kept in total ignorance of the designs on him, and the manifestation of esteem on the part of his fellow members was therefore a most agreeable surprise. After the regular business of the Lodge had been concluded, Mr. J. S. Wilson, on behalf of the donors, made the regalia in a very happy speech, to which Mr. Chadwick responded in an appropriate manner. Brief addresses were also made by Messrs. Richard Armstrong, Z. Gillespie, and others. After these ceremonies, refreshments were served up, and a most pleasant time enjoyed by all present. The regalia, which is suitable for the Encampment as well as for D. D. G. M., is an elegant one, and was manufactured by William Curtis, of Philadelphia.

Additional Local Matters on First Page.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Mrs. Charles, author of "Schonberg Cotta Family," is to visit this country soon.

—John Lusk, of San Francisco, made $60,000 this year by the cultivation of red raspberries.

—A residence, costing $30,000, is to be built for the President of the University of Vermont, President Angell.

—The political canvass throughout the State of California is the most active that has been known for many years.

—Rev. Mark P. Ladd, representative to the General Assembly from Worcester, committed suicide by hanging, at Richmond, Vt., Saturday.

—Only three members of the bar have been expelled from the Washington courts since they were established in 1801; Levi S. Burr in 1822, Henry May in 1850, and J. H. Bradley, Sr., in 1867.

—Mrs. Lincoln and her son Tad landed at Milwaukee the other day, on their way to Lake Superior. Tad was introduced to several gentlemen, and when asked how old he was, said he was twelve years old the day he entered Richmond with his father.

—In committing a middle-aged woman to jail, in London, the other day, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, Mr. Fowler, the magistrate, remarked that it was a sad thing that the prisoner, her husband, two sons and a daughter, had been confined in the city jail at one time for various offences.

—General Wool talked to the Fenians at a pic nic in Troy the other day, in cheeringly said: "I ought not to be forgotten that, to be successful in carrying on war, an organized government is indispensable, with foundries, manufactories for small arms of all kinds, depots for supplies of every description; besides all which, many millions of money should be on hands.

—The London *Lancet* mentions a curious instance of deception under an operation. A woman had fractured her leg by tripping over the hoops of her crinoline. She was conveyed to the Middlesex Hospital, where amputation was pronounced to be necessary. It was performed under chloroform, and as she was of a timid and nervous temperament she was kept for 40 days in ignorance of the fact that she had lost her leg.

—One of the largest mercantile houses in New York city uses printed bill-heads and blank bills of lading imported from Liverpool because it can buy them cheaper across the water, paying freight and duty, than they can be furnished in this country of steam presses and cheap printing. Even machinery of the most expensive and thorough kind will not protect American labor and enterprise against the pauper labor of Europe.

—Among the accounts of internal revenue officers recently settled is that of an Ohio collector, which, during his term of office of four years, involved eight millions of dollars in cash, and three millions dollars of bonded oil account. The difference between the Treasury account and the collector's account was but $11.10. This man was last fall renominated for political reasons. He has since been appointed United States Marshal for the Supreme Court, and his name is R. C. Parsons, Esq.

—A gentleman of Springfield, Mass., by accident exchanged valises with a clergyman who occupied a car seat with him recently, and did not discover the mistake until the minister had disappeared. Anxious to "swap back" he opened the clerical valise to find the owner's name, and found several pairs of shoes, some corn salve, two sermons and a bottle of whisky, but no name. The next day, the minister returned the valise he had on hand, and blushingly carried away his own.

—We find the following card pulished in the *Erie Advertiser*, which was handed to the local editor of that paper by the ticket agent of the New York Circus. Whether it be truly written or not, the lesson taught is equally good: "*To the Proprietor of the New York Circus:* In purchasing this ticket I pay the last 50 cents I have in the world, out of a fortune of $20,000 left me two years ago. Not a cent remains; what shall I do? Money gone, and no friends left. Beware of wine and women."

—Henry Ward Beecher closed a sermon as follows: "For twenty years have I unfolded the truth among you, and not without results, I know; and those results have been due, not to a good understanding, not versatility, not to imagination, not to playing with men's sympathies and tastes, but to the fact that down deeper than everything else, I believe in the Lord Jesus Christ. I have not made that belief ostensible in words, perhaps, as many do; but it is that which has constituted the power of my machinery.

CANDIDATES.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

J. J. ALBIETZ,

Of Borough of Lawrenceville, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Union County Republican Convention. au27:e27

FOR ASSEMBLY.

JUDGE BROWN,

Of Ross township, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to nomination of the Republican County Convention of Allegheny County. au21:d15

FOR ASSEMBLY.

THOMAS PENNEY,

Of McKeesport, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to nomination by the Republican County Convention of Allegheny County. au20:d15d&T

MERCHANT TAILORS.

AUGUST REDUCTION!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

BOYS' CLOTHING,

CLOSING OUT AT REDUCED PRICES!

GRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

HENRY G. HALE

NORTHWEST COR. PENN AND ST. CLAIR STS.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

JUST OPENED.

COMPRISING

All the Novelties of the Season,

Such as is only found in a

First-Class Merchant Tailoring Establishment.

mh5:n87

THIRD ARRIVAL

OF

SUMMER GOODS,

AT

E. HOUSTON & CO.'S,

FASHIONABLE

MERCHANT TAILORS,

AND DEALERS IN

Men and Boys' Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

No. 107 Fifth St.,

CORNER OF CHERRY ALLEY.

All the latest styles and novelties in CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and TESTINGS.

Prices very reasonable and to suit the times. jy11:b

E. J. McGRATTY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

S. W. corner DIAMOND and OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY.

A large assortment of Furnishing Goods always on hand.

A first class cutter will attend to custom work.

HENRY CAPPELL, Merchant TAILOR, and dealer in

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

142 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Three door below Sixth. Pittsburgh, Pa.

All the latest Spring and Summer styles of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings on hand, and made up in the most fashionable style, at the lowest prices. my15:s12

OIL WORKS & COMPANIES

H. M. LONG & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,

Brand—"LUCIFER."

Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND BROKERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

PITTSBURGH OFFICE—Dalzell's Building corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin street.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE—127 Walnut st.

EUREKA OIL WORKS,

Manufacturers of

Eureka Carbon Oil,

THE CELEBRATED

Sperm Lubricating Oils,

CHEMICAL LINSEED OIL,

Wholesale Dealers in

Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils; Lard, Sperm, Whale and Fish Oils.

C. C. NOBLE, Agt.

19 Irwin Street,

PITTSBURGH.

WARING & KING,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Dalzell's Block, Duquesne Way,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS:

WARING, KING & CO.,

127 Walnut St., Phila.

BUY THE BEST,

PETROLIA BLUE LEAD,

FOR OIL REFINERS

Manufactured only and for sale by

T. H. NEVIN & CO.,

PIONEER PAINT WORKS

N. W. Cor. 3d and Market Sts.,

oct9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. WIGHTMAN.....D.A. ANDERSON

EAGLE OIL WORKS,

Lawrenceville.

WIGHTMAN & ANDERSON.

Refiners and Dealers in

PETROLEUM.

OFFICE, SECOND STORY, CORNER HANCOCK ST. AND DUQUESNE WAY.

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AGENTS FOR THE

Pacific, Globe & Liberty Oil Works

Ample Storage for Crude and Refined Oil. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum. Yards for storage and shipment of Crude Oil at Lawrenceville.

Office and Warehouse, corner of Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. my16:s85

J. C. BUFFUM. C. A. KEENEY. W. H. WHITEHEAD.

SOHO OIL WORKS,

Manufacture and have for sale all kinds of

LUBRICATING OILS,

No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET.

BUFFUM, KENEY & CO.

SCHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil,

Nos. 168 and 170 Wood Street, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. my6:b36

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS,

No. 6 Sixth Street, Pittsburgh. ja12:b86

WINDOW SHADES, of all

styles, colors and sizes; also, Buff Holland, Transparent Green Oil Cloth, of all widths and at low prices, wholesale and retail, by

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

28 and 30 St. Clair street.

au9

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BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. jy6:s1

YOUNG LADIES, BEWARE

of the injurious effects of Face Powders and Washes. All such remedies close up the pores of the skin, and in a short time destroy the complexion. If you would have a fresh, healthy and youthful appearance, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. ap18:MWF

HELMBOLD'S

Concentrated Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

Eradicates ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE DISEASES of the THROAT, NOSE, EYES, EYELIDS, SCALP and SKIN,

Which so disfigure the appearance, PURGING the evil effects of mercury and removing all taints, the remains of DISEASE, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect safety.

TWO TABLE SPOONFULS of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or Decoction as usually made.

AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review, on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affections, by Ben amin Travers, F. R. S., &c. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the excess of mercury, he states that *no remedy is equal to the Extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic with this invaluable attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the system to which, and yet so irritable as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable or injurious.*

HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Druggist and Chemist, 594 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by all Druggists. au15:MWF

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT

SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vital principle and tone, and purges out the humors that make disease.

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by

PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER

THOSE WHO desire BRILLIANCY OF COMPLEXION must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA positively does. Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take NO other. au15:MWF

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Success ors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Mill Machinery, Mill Machinery, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 13 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja11:182

QUANTITY vs. QUALITY.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. The dose is small. Those who desire large quantity and large doses ERR. ap15:MWF

DR. LUDLUM'S SPECIFIC,

The Great American Diuretic!

Affords immediate relief and effects permanent cures of all Urinary and Private Diseases in Male and female, in shorter time than any remedy ever discovered. Price $1.00 per box. Sold by all Druggists.

JOHN D. PARK, Gene al Agent,

ap25:y28-MWF CINCINNATI, O.

IN THE SPRING AND SUMMER MONTHS, the system naturally undergoes a change, and HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is an assistant of the greatest value. ap15:MWF

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS.

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Spike, Copper Bottom, Naval Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. 110 and 112 FIRST STREET and 140 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. ap15:MWF

NOT A FEW of the worst

disorders that afflict mankind arise from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value. ap15:MWF

SOMETHING NEW.—CALL and examine the new

SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.

They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by

WM. B. SCHMERTZ,

my16:28 No. 31 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

TO MARRY OR NOT TO

MARRY? WHY NOT? Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Essays of the Howard Association, on Impediments to Marriage, Abuses and Diseases induced by Ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my27:s80

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN follows the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin. ap15:MWF

QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

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ma31:y92 PITTSBURGH.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the *Great Blood Purifier.* au1-MWF

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M. STEELE & SON,

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN,

And Produce generally, No. 93 OHIO STREET, near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

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Ample Storage for Crude and Refined Oil. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum. Yards for storage and shipment of Crude Oil at Lawrenceville.

Office and Warehouse, corner of Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh. my16:s85

ROBERT KNOX, Jr.,

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Office, 413 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh.

L. J. BLANCHARD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS,

396 Penn Street.

ap18:b59

PETER KEIL.....JAMES F. RITCHART

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AND DEALERS IN

Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c.

749 LIBERTY STREET,

my24:b57 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ALEX. M'KANE.....J. S. ANDER.

M'KANE & ANDER,

Commission Merchants,

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE generally, No. 141 WATER, above Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. je6

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

for the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruits, and Produce generally. No. 56 Water Street, corner of First, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe22:n8

ROBT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX

R. KNOX & SON, Commission MERCH ANTS and Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE generally. No. 79 Diamond, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City. jal 7:r67

DAV. CRAWFORD, Commission MERCHANT in Pig METAL, BLOOMS ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK and CLAY, &c. Warehouse and Office, Nos. 266 and 268 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. o

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Are now converting into the

NEW 5-20'S GOLD BOND OF 1867.

All other issues, including all series of 7-30's, 6's of 1881, 5-20's of 1862, 5-20's of 1864, 5-20's of 1865, and Compound Interest Notes.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with **Jay Cooke & Co.,** Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS. mh14:y38

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED INTO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS.,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, August 27, 1867.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by Mr. P. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 141¾; Eighty-one bonds, 111; Five Twenties, 1862, 113½; Five Twenties, 1864 109¾; Five Twenties, 1865, 110½; 5-20's, Consols, 108½; Seven Thirties, 107¾; Ten Forties, 102¾. Stocks— Erie Railroad, 70¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 93; Chicago and Rock Island, 108½; Chicago and Northwestern, 86½; Chicago and Northwestern preferred, 70¾; Fort Wayne Railroad, 104¾; Michigan Southern Railroad, 81¾; New York Central, 105½; Reading, 104½; Western Union Telegraph Co., 43¾. Mining shares—Corydon, 1,30; Gregory, 6,40; Quartz Hill, 1,60; Smith & Paramalee, 8,35; Quicksilver, 28½.

Closing New York quotations received by James P. Brady & Co.:

U. S. 6-20s, 1862	111
" 5-20s, 1862	113½
" " 1864	109¾
" " 1865	110¼
" " 1867	108½
" 10-40s	102¾
" Consols	108¾
August 7-30s	107¾
June 7-30s	107¾
July 7-30s	107¾
Dec. Compounds, 1864	117¾
Gold	141
Silver	134

—The following stocks were sold Tuesday evening, Aug. 27th, on second floor of the Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, Auctioneer:

Iron City National Bank	89.75
Allegheny " "	57.00
Pittsburgh Gas Company	79.50
Allegheny Suspension Bridge	44.00

—The books of the Treasury Department show that about all of the $299,097,500 of seven three-tenth notes, due August 15, 1867, have already been converted into five-twenty bonds. Of the $331,000,000 coupons due from June, 15, 1865, $60,000,000 have already been redeemed. Of the $199,930,000 coming due July 15, 1868, $47,000,000 have been redeemed, so that the Treasury Department stands to-day nearly $100,000,000 ahead of its promises of redemption.

—The New York *World* is authoritatively informed that there will shortly be published by the Treasury Department an important official statement in detail, giving facts and figures that will prove the falsity of the random charges of over issues and frauds. It is now in course of preparation by the Treasury Committee, at the request of Mr. McCulloch, who is determined to vindicate the Department from the charges that have been so freely circulated during the last fortnight.

—The grain crops promise great abundance the world over and as large as the yield here is, it is of comparatively little consequence as an article of export compared with our great staple, cotton, the shipments of which frequently exceed six hundred million dollars in value, while our wheat supplies rarely net more than twenty million dollars. The London *Mercantile Gazette* surveys the various grain countries of Europe, to ascertain the prospects of future supplies. In England all looks well, and no deficiency is apprehended. In France the stock of flour is the largest ever held, amounting to eight hundred thousand sacks. Considerable supplies are missing to England direct from France, but the United Kingdom is mainly dependent on the Black Sea ports. The last harvest in the South of Russia having been very abundant the exports from that quarter are expected to reach two million quarters. The conclusion is that scarcity is out of the question, and the prospect favors the opinion that the grain crops of Europe will be more than usually abundant, and that prices will rule low. The exports of grain from the United States are not therefore likely to be on a large scale, and will not furnish much exchange to balance our foreign indebtedness. Cotton and five-twenty bonds are our chief resource for the payment of debts abroad. Cotton bills will not come upon the market in any great amount before December.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

—One of the advantageous results of the abundance of our crops must consist in the partial reduction of our large foreign indebtedness. There can be no doubt that the foreign balances held by bankers in this city are unusually large. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, the balance of trade was over $45,000,000 in gold against us. This balance has been partially set off by the shipment of bonds; but a considerable proportion of these securities are either held as collateral or on speculation, and are liable to be sent home upon the foreign money markets changing materially from their present ease. It is reasonable, however, to anticipate that the unusually large amounts to be realized upon our shipments of breadstuffs, provisions, and cotton will go far toward liquidating this indebtedness. The results of this expectation must have an important effect in reducing the premium on gold; for it is the knowledge of these large foreign obligations which is the chief cause of the present high price of gold.—*Phila. Press.*

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, August 27, 1867.

CATTLE.

The supply of Cattle this week was unusually light, not half as large as it was last week and the week before, and, as a matter, of course, the market ruled a shade firmer, though prices were no higher. The best retailing cattle, such as our best butchers are in the habit of buying, sold at from 7¼ to 7½c, and some few extra brought 7¾@8. Stock cattle continue dull, and as the eastern demand seems to be falling off, prices for this particular grade of stock must rule still lower, or else the receipts must fall off considerably. We continue to quote at 4½ to 5¼ for common to good stock steers, and 5½@6c for prime do. For bulls, the demand continues light, but the offerings are falling off, and prices remain about the same as last week, ranging from 2½ to 3½, according to quality and condition. The impression is still gaining strength that prices for all grades of cattle must and will go lower, and this, as a matter of course, makes operators cautious, and, to some extent, retards operations.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The market for Sheep and Lambs was again dull this week, with a supply fully up to the demand, which was restricted altogether to supplying the wants of the retail trade. We continue to quote at 4½@5c, gross, for prime fat mutton Sheep, suitable for the retail trade, and there were but few sales at the outside quotation. Stock Sheep may be quoted at 2½ to 3½, according to quality and condition. The impression is still gaining strength that prices for all grades of cattle must and will go lower, and this, as a matter of course, makes operators cautious, and, to some extent, retards operations.

HOGS.

There is little or nothing doing in this class of stock, except in a retail way, and prices remain about the same as last week, ranging from 7 to 7½c, gross, for fair to prime heavy averages. We heard of one small bunch having been wholesaled at 6¾.

REPORTED SALES OF CATTLE.

Kraus & Haas retailed 64 head Penna. and Ohio cattle at 6 to 7¾. L. Rothschilds 22 head at 4¾ to 7¾. Dolan sold Greenwald & Kahn 32 head of prime Illinois steers, averaging 1125, at 7,30. Hazlewood & Co. retailed 45 head good to prime Illinois cattle at 7¼ to 8. Nicholas Carr sold for Isaac Anderson 20 head of common Ohio stock at 4½@5¾. John Kerwin sold for Torbert 21 head at 4½@6¾. Roberts sold Marks & Traurman 23 head of common Ohio cows at 4¾, and $10 premium. B. Jones sold L. Rothchilds 21 head of common Missouri cows and steers at $40 per head. C. Hudson sold Pottiger 34 head of Western Reserve steers at 6¾, and $10 premium. Glass & Lafferty sold 21 head Western Reserve heifers for Frank, at 5¼@6¾; 42 head of cows, heifers and steers, for Jurey, at 5 to 7½—sent 42 head to Central Yards. Marks & Traurman sold, having sold 123 head at 5 to 7¾. There were quite a number of other sales, but we were unable to get particulars.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, Aug. 27.—Flour dull and the prices are low. Family $9,00@10,50. Wheat dull and prices unsettled; No. 1 red $2,10, white $2,20@2,25. Corn scarce and in demand at 86c for No. 1 in bulk. Oats dull and were not saleable at better than 50c at the close. Rye declined to $1,20 and dull. Barley unchanged. Cotton dull and prices are nominal at 25c for middling. Whisky unchanged. Provisions generally firmer. Bulk Meats in good demand at 11¾@12½c, and all to be held at these rates was taken; ½c higher was asked at the close. Bacon in good demand, chiefly from Baltimore; sales of 200 hhds at 12½c for Shoulders, 15½@15¾c for clear rib, and 16c for clear Sides. Lard was in good demand at 12½c, but there was not much offered at this rate. Butter scarce and firm at 25@26c for fresh; receipts very light. Eggs firm at 16@16c, the latter rate for selected. Linseed Oil in good demand at $1,18. Gold 141 buying and firm.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 27.—The Dry Goods market is moderately active and the prices are the whole quiet and firm.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. feb7

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, August 27, 1867.

The general markets continue dull, and without any new characteristics worthy of special notice. The advices from the west during the past day or two appear to have shocked somewhat the faith of those who have been preaching up high prices, and the impression still gains ground that Flour and Grain are bound to go still lower. In Groceries and Provisions there is a moderate jobbing trade, without, however, any material change to note in prices.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and nominally unchanged—$2,10@2,15 for prime Penna and Ohio Red. Oats dull and weak, with a drooping tendency; sale of 500 bushs, on spot, at 55c—50c is the best offer for future delivery. Corn is firm and in fair demand but unchanged; sale of 1 car Ear at $1,05, and 1 car Shelled at same figure. Barley is unsettled, and there is, as yet, but little arriving; we give 90c as the nominal price for prime new Spring. Rye is dull and lower—$1,15 appears to be the price for future delivery, and $1,20 might be obtained on spot.

FLOUR—The market continues dull and weak, and Spring Wheat grades may be quoted 50 cents per barrel lower. We now quote at $10,50@10,75 for good Spring Wheat; $11@11,25 for Winter Wheat, and $13,50@14,50 for fancy brands. Rye Flour also is lower, and may be quoted at $7,75@8.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet but steady, with regular jobbing sales at previous prices—12½c for Shoulders; 14½@15½c for Ribbed and Clear Sides, and 21½c for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is quoted firm at 12½@13½ in tierces, and 13½@14c in kegs. Mess Pork is quoted at $24@24,50.

BUTTER—There is a continued good demand for prime fresh Butter, but common packed is very dull and good supply; sale, of 7 kegs medium quality at 20c, and 7 kegs and 5 pails prime at 25c.

EGGS—Continue very dull and in good supply but unchanged—12½@13c.

CHEESE—Is quiet but steady with regular jobbing sales at 12½@15c, according to quality.

GREEN APPLES—Continue very dull, with a supply largely in excess of the demand; we now quote at $2@4 per bbl—but few sales at the outside price.

DRIED FRUITS—Sold to-day at $2,50@3 per box, as to quality.

SWEET POTATOES—Have still further declined, and and we now quote prime Jerseys at $7 per bbl.

HAY—Is selling at scales at from $15,00 to $18,00 per ton, for good to prime Timothy.

OIL—Lard Oil is firm but unchanged at 85c for No. 2, and $1,95 for No. 1.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, August 27, 1867.

CRUDE—The market was again exceedingly quiet to-day, not a single sale of any description reported, and while the demand is light, there is but little oil offering, holders not seeming disposed to make concessions in order to effect sales. The "bears," however, are still in the ascendency, and as it is to their interest to break down the market as much as possible, they are leaving nothing undone to accomplish their point, viz: whether they will be successful or not, time alone will determine. In the absence of sales, it is difficult to give accurate quotations, but 10 cents seems to be regarded as the nominal price for spot oil as well as for "first water"—yesterday there was a sale for all 1867, buyer's option, at 10½c, and this, we may remark, is regarded a little below the mark to-day.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil was also exceedingly quiet to-day, not a single sale reported, but compared with Monday, prices have undergone but little change. Spot oil is still quoted at 27½c, delivered in Philadelphia, while the later months are a fraction lower. September could have been sold at 28¼c; October at 29c, and December at 30c. On Monday October sold at 30, while the latter part of December went to 31; November and December sold at 31@32c. September also is lower, the last sales being at 29@29½c. The Tack-O'Connor embroglio was the main topic of conversation to-day in oil circles, and with but very few exceptions, the sympathies of those engaged in the trade appear to be with the Tack Bros.

—Since the above was put in type, we have the following sales reported: 1000 bbls, 500 each for October, November and December, at 30; and 2000 bbls, 500 each for November, December, January and February, at 31½.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM BUQUESNE DEPOT.

Sterling Oil Works, 223 bbls refined to Tack, Bro. & Co., Philadelphia.

Johnston & Paine, 48 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Wm. McCutcheon, 43 do tar to Wallace & Curtis, Philadelphia.

Sterling Oil Works, 280 bbls to W. P. Logan & Bro. Phila.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co., 200 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 50 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 27.—Cotton dull and 1c lower; sales of 700 bales; Middling Uplands at 27½@27¾c. Flour 15@25c lower; receipts, 11,800; sales, 8,900. Superfine State $7,60@8,00; Extra State, $8,70@9,30; Choice, $10@10,40; Trade brands, $10,50@11,50; new St. Louis, $9@14; California dull and lower; sales of 120 bbls at $13@14. Rye flour dull; sales of 250 bbls at $7,60; latter an extreme. Whisky quiet. Wheat dull, 1@2c lower for red; 3@5c lower for white; receipts, 10,250 bush; White, $2,82½; sales of 1,000 bush Amber State at $2,82@2,84; latter for very choice; Amber Southern, $2,77@2,80; latter for extreme; new white Michigan, $2,35; also, 20,000 bus new No 2 Chicago to arrive soon, at $1,80. Rye quiet, but firm; sales of bus Western at $1,45; State, $1,50. Barley and malt dull. Corn—receipts, 78,000; heavy and a shade lower; sales at 82,000 bush new mixed Western, at $1,09@1,11½; extra choice, $1,12@1,12½; unsound, $1,05@1,08. Oats a shade easier; receipts, 9,307 bus; sales, 45,000 bus; old Western, 63@70c, inside rate in store; new Southern, 55@56c; new Ohio, 75@80c; Jersey, New Jersey, 80c. Rice nominal. Coffee steady. Sugar, steady; 1,000 hhds and 1,000 tcs sold; Porto Rico, 12¼@13c; Cuba, 11½@12c; Porto Rico, 12¼@13c; Cuba, 11½@12c; Porto Rico, at 50c. Hops quiet. Petroleum steady; Crude, 12½; Refined in bond, at 27½c. Pork firm at $26,50@26,75 for New Mess (lower). Lard quiet and unchanged. Bacon firmer; Shoulders, 13½@14c; Rib Sides, 16¼@16½c; Clear Sides, 17¾ @18c. Markets generally dull on account of rain. Gold closed at 141.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, August 27—1 car kegs, J J Bender; 1 car oats, 147 sks corn, A J Bayless; 1 car stone, J L L Knox; 12 bxs cheese, W Hodges; 32 do do, Smith maker & Lang; 23 bxs rye, J Glenn; 30 dozen pails, J Conner; 1 keg tobacco, 12 caddies do, P H Kennan; 2 bbls 8 half bbl do, M W Hankin; 20 bxs starch, Knox & Orr; 3 bbls 5 half bbls fish, E H Myers & Co; 1 pkg 1 bbl tobacco, E Wegner; 45 sks oats, W Hodgman; 100 bbls lime, Atterbury & Co; 50 blooms iron, Park, Bro & Co; 2 cars iron ore, Bryan & Caughey; 3 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 1 car pig iron, Hussey, Wells & Co; 114 coils spring steel, 1 do fence wire, Park, Metlurzy & Co; 15 sks oats, S Barclay; 1 organ, C C Mellor; 44 sks oats, Mc Meek; 1 car pig, Wm Graham; Cook & Co; 50 bbls apples, I H Voigt & Co; 3 do do, H Reis Jr; 124 do do, E B Thomas; 29 do do, Fetzer & Armstrong; 27 do do, W J Reed & Bro; 61 do do, Vangorder & Shepard; 100 bxs starch, J D Dravo; 180 bbls flour, owner; 35 tons pig iron, Nimick & Co; 10 bbls apples, J Bell.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R., August 27—3 cars staves, C O Smith; 2 do do, Merale & Co; 1 do do, Scott & Wiggin; 1 bbl tobacco, J as Murphy; 75 bbls flour, Dickey & Co; 38 sks oats, S Barclay; 1 do do, Kennedy & Latrop; 2 bbls apples, Voigt & Co; 2 do eggs, Heal & Metzger; 25 sks seed, Graf & Reiter; 5 bbls apples, M W Rankin; 68 sks oats, Sturgeon & Bro; 4 bbls collars, Hartley & Co; lot sundries, W W Bradshaw; 100 bundles brooms, M Clarke & Co; 1 car, Campbell & Brown; 1 car brick, T Mellon; 1 do staves, Miller & Crisp; 4 cks leaf pipe, 15 bxs do, R H Lee; 5 bbls flour, Stewart & Lippincott; 5 bbls 2 half bbls do, Stewart & Lippincott; 21 wick reels, Eagle Cotton Mills; 8 bxs tobacco, Wm Miller; 20 doz brooms, R F Weddell; 2 bxs hats, T Veltman; 2 pkgs do, Emil Poestal; 9 bbls lard oil, J H Parker; 63 bbls flour, Haworth, McDonald & Co; 200 sacks corn, Scott & Glass.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., August 27—6 sx drills 6 tongues, Beckham & Long; 9 bbls apples, L H Voigt & Co; 2 do do, L Ex butter, L H Voigt & Co; 1 car lumber, Seghmyer & Vonkamp; 60 sks oats, Meaner Harper & Hood; 25 bxs soap, J S Brown & Co; 1 do do, Kaufman & Co; 1 do do, Wm Megraw; 35 do do, Little, Baird & Pasten; 1 bx hardware, T Hare & Co; 7 valves, Atlas Works; 100 bbls flour, Dickey & Co; 1 car lumber, Schoenberger & Blair; 100 bbls flour Seahmyer & Vonkamp; 1 car bran, P Schoot; 1 car middlings, Bricker & Co; 100 bbls flour, Philip & Shepard; 100 do do, Shomaker & Lang.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD August 27—108 oil bbls, Fleming & Co; 1 car pig metal, H Woodside; 1 car hay, Dodd & Co; 1 car hides, Hoffstetter, W Flaccus & Son; 2 do do, W F McLaughlin; 6 bxs butter, 4 do eggs, J Hitty; 3 bxs butter, 3 do eggs, J C Lowry; 1 car lumber, A J Newmyer & Co; 6 bbls eggs, Voigt & Co; 1 roll leather, Seibert & Berg; 134 sacks oats, 18 do corn, 20 bbls apples, Knox & Orr; 1 car lumber, A Mollis; 55 sks oats, McHenry & Hood; 40 sacks oats, 14 baskets potatoes, J Jenkins; 8 sacks rags, J B Corporal; 13 pigs marketing, Monongahela House.

ALLEGHENY STATION, August 27—250 sks flaxseed, Graham & Hamilton; 1 do do, M H ourred here on the 6th of March last, burning Newmyer & Co; 29 bgs middlings, Leacock & Mellwaine; 2 kgs whisky, J Brown; 300 pigs lead, T H Nevin & Co; 200 do do, H Hagan; 144 fruit jars, H H Gerwig; 45 sks oats, 30 do rye, Stewart & Langenheim; 12 pkgs tobacco, Hahn & Hadley; 8 bbls flour, Thomas Nicholson; 1 do do, Wm Shorthrop; 10 hx cheese, 1 bbl eggs, Shulz & Danner; 1 car oats, S Knox & Son; 100 bbls flour, Lyon & Kidney.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R. R., August 26—1 car tan bark, G Johnston; 8 do sand, A & D H Chambers; 2 do do, McCully & Co; 2 tons metal, S M Wickersham; 41 sacks wheat, Scott & Glass.

2,000,000 ACRES

OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,

BY THE

Union Pacific Railway Co.,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1.00 to $5.00 Per Acre,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or, **CHAS. B. LAMBORN,** Sec'y,

St. Louis, Missouri.

NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that, preparatory to removing back into their new building, No. 42 Fifth street, next to corner of Wood, they are now selling their immense stock of

JEWELRY, etc., AT COST!

Consisting of Watches, Silver Ware, Bronzes, Fine Table Cutlery, Pistuary, Suits of Precious Stones, Regulators, French Clocks, etc., etc., together with all their fixtures, consisting of a large amount of silver mounted plate glass show cases, fancy shelving, counters, etc.

About the first of October we expect to re-open our new store with an entire new and fresh stock of everything pertaining to a first-class Jewelry House. Very respectfully,

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SEIDLE,

No. 39 FIFTH STREET,

Next to Bank Block.

COMPRESSED

BUNGS.

ARMSTRONG, BRO. & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MACHINE CUT CORKS,

Plugs, Taps, Irish Moss, Pitch,

ROSIN, ISINGLASS, &c., &c.,

Nos. 122 & 125 Third St., Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN

Fence Manufacturing Co.

A new and very desirable FENCING for private residence or public grounds, cemetery lots, &c., is now offered to the public at prices far below the cost of iron railing, and about as durable. Specimens of these fences can be seen at No. 41 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City. Any pattern or style of these fences can be furnished at short notice. All are satisfied of themself that it is the cheapest and most beautiful fence now made.

Also, a general assortment of COUNTER and PLATFORM SCALES, are kept for sale, at No. 41 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny City.

PETER PETERSON.

au20:d88

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., ALLEGHENY, August 14th, 1867.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until the 28TH INSTANT, for

BRICK-CAPPING AND UNDERPINNING THE BRIDGE OVER LITTLE SEWICKLEY CREEK,

On the road leading from Allegheny City to Beaver, in Sewickley township. Size for Brick-capping to be at no much per perch, and for Underpinning so much for the job.

By direction of the County Commissioner.

HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

au17:d71

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 141¾.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 27, 1867.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money market easy and steady at 4@6 per cent on call loans. Sterling dull at 9¾@9¾. Gold firmer, opening at 141¾ and closing at 141¾.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government stocks less active and scarcely so firm. Coupons '81s 111; do. '62, 113; do. '64, 109¾; do. '65, 110¾; do new, 107¾; do '67, 108. 7-30s 107¾.

STOCKS.

Stocks dull and without much fluctuation closing steady.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations at 5:30 P. M.: Missouri 6s, 101¾@101¾; Wabash, 88¾@89¾; Ohio Certificates, 27; Canton 46¾@47; Cumberland, 34@35; Quicksilver, 28; Mariposa 19½; Western Union Telegraph, 43¾; New York Central, 104¾; Erie, 69; Hudson, 124¾; Reading, 104¾@104¾. Michigan Central, 110; Michigan Southern, 81; Illinois Central, 119¾; Pittsburgh, 93@93½; Toledo, 104; Rhode Island, 102¾; North Western, 46; Preferred, 69¾; Fort Wayne, 104¾@104¾; Pacific Mail, 109¾; Adams Express, 75¾@76¼; American, do. 74¾@75; United States, do. 76@77¼; Wells Fargo & Co., 66@67¾; Merchants Union, 16½@17.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares dull; Edge Hill, 325; Gunnell, 175@180; Smith & Parmlee, 510; Corydon, 120.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

The receipts of the Sub-Treasury were: $3,366,265; payments, $5,966,542; balance, $130,227,990.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, August 27.—Cotton market at a stand still; Low Middling 26½c; sales 50 bales; receipts for thirteen days, 939 bales against 605 bales same time last year. Sugar and Molasses quiet and unchanged. Flour —Superfine, $8@8,75; Choice, $12@14; prices nominal. Corn firm, at $1,25 for White and Yellow. Oats firm; no sales; quoted at 70@. Pork firm at $26,00. Lard quiet and unchanged. Bacon firmer; Shoulders, 13½@14c; Rib Sides, 16¼@16½c; Clear Sides, 17¾ @18c. Markets generally dull on account of rain. Gold closed at 141.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, August 27.—Coffee quiet and unchanged. Flour nominally unchanged. Wheat declined 10c; receipts better; choice red $3,35; fair to $2,25@3,20. Corn, prime white $1,07@1,08; market more active. Oats steady at 60@62c for prime to choice. Bacon —shoulders 12½c; rib sides 15½c; clear rib 16½c. Bulk Meats held ¼c higher. Mess Pork firm at $24,75 for western. Lard unchanged. Whisky in bond held at $2,35, and $2,30 offered.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, August 27.—Cotton market unsettled; strict middling, 26@26½c. Corn flat; choice white, $1,18. Corn Meal, 95@98c. Oats steady at 65@70c. Hay quiet at $24@25 per ton. Bran unchanged. Flour dull and heavy; superfine, $7,50@8,00. Pork steady at $25,25@26,25. Bacon; clear sides, 17@17½c; shoulders, 13½@14c; canvassed Hams, plain, 18@20c. Lard; keg leaf, 13¼@14c. Cement dull at 34@35c.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, August 27.—Sales of 102 hhds Tobacco at full rates; logs, $3,00@3,50. Medium leaf to selections 14@22c. Flour—superfine dull, at $7,00; No. 1 $8,00@10,50. Corn dull, 75@85. Corn dull, 75—New bulk, 85@88. Whisky, 36c in bond; free is nominal. Mess Pork $25,50. Lard, 12¾. Bacon—Shoulders, 12½c; Clear Sides, 16½c. Cotton nominal.

Cambridge Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CAMBRIDGE, August 27.—Beef Cattle; receipts 1,286 head; prices declined $1 per cwt; extra, $11,25@12,00; first quality, $10@11; second quality $8@10; third quality $7,50@8. Sheep and Lambs; receipts 10,161 head; prices declined; sales at 3@5c per pound; spring lambs $2@2,50. Veal Calves 5@12c.

Detroit Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DETROIT, Aug. 27.—Flour quiet with prices heavy. Wheat—receipts 18,000 bu, and the market rather heavy, at $2,13 for No. 1 white, and closing at $2 for No. 2 do. Corn, with $2,10 the best bid in the afternoon.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburghtazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, August 27.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; red $2,35@2,45. Rye $1,70@1,76. Corn quiet, yellow $1,05. Oats dull at 56@60c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, August 27—1 car kegs, J J Bender; 1 car oats, 147 sks corn, A J Bayless; 1 car stone, J L L Knox; 12 bxs cheese, W Hodges; 32 do do, Smithmaker & Lang; 23 bxs rye, J Glenn; 30 dozen pails, J Conner; 1 keg tobacco, 12 caddies do, P H Kennan; 2 bbls 8 half bbl do, M W Hankin; 20 bxs starch, Knox & Orr; 3 bbls 5 half bbls fish, E H Myers & Co; 1 pkg 1 bbl tobacco, E Wegner; 45 sks oats, W Hodgman; 100 bbls lime, Atterbury & Co; 50 blooms iron, Park, Bro & Co; 2 cars iron ore, Bryan & Caughey; 3 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 1 car pig iron, Hussey, Wells & Co; 114 coils spring steel, 1 do fence wire, Park, Metlurzy & Co; 15 sks oats, S Barclay; 1 organ, C C Mellor; 44 sks oats, McMeek; 1 car pig, Wm Graham; Cook & Co; 50 bbls apples, I H Voigt & Co; 3 do do, H Reis Jr; 124 do do, E B Thomas; 29 do do, Fetzer & Armstrong; 27 do do, W J Reed & Bro; 61 do do, Vangorder & Shepard; 100 bxs starch, J D Dravo; 180 bbls flour, owner; 35 tons pig iron, Nimick & Co; 10 bbls apples, J Bell.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R., August 27—3 cars staves, C O Smith; 2 do do, Meraile & Co; 1 do do, Scott & Wiggin; 1 bbl tobacco, Jas Murphy; 75 bbls flour, Dickey & Co; 38 sacks corn, 95 do oats, Kennedy & Latrop; 2 bbls apples, Voigt & Co; 2 do eggs, Heal & Metzger; 25 sks seed, Graf & Reiter; 5 bbls apples, M W Rankin; 68 sks oats, Sturgeon & Bro; 4 bbls collars, Hartley & Co; lot sundries, W W Bradshaw; 100 bundles brooms, M Clarke & Co; 1 car, Campbell & Brown; 1 car brick, T Mellon; 1 do staves, Miller & Crisp; 4 cks leaf pipe, 15 bxs do, R H Lee; 5 bbls flour, Stewart & Lippincott; 5 bbls 2 half bbls do, Stewart & Lippincott; 21 wick reels, Eagle Cotton Mills; 8 bxs tobacco, Wm Miller; 20 doz brooms, R F Weddell; 2 bxs hats, T Veltman; 2 pkgs do, Emil Poestal; 9 bbls lard oil, J H Parker; 63 bbls flour, Haworth, McDonald & Co; 200 sacks corn, Scott & Glass.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., August 27—6 sx drills 6 tongues, Beckham & Long; 9 bbls apples, L H Voigt & Co; 2 do do, L Ex butter, L H Voigt & Co; 1 car lumber, Seghmyer & Vonkamp; 60 sks oats, Meaner Harper & Hood; 25 bxs soap, J S Brown & Co; 1 do do, Kaufman & Co; 1 do do, Wm Megraw; 35 do do, Little, Baird & Pasten; 1 bx hardware, T Hare & Co; 7 valves, Atlas Works; 100 bbls flour, Dickey & Co; 1 car lumber, Schoenberger & Blair; 100 bbls flour Seahmyer & Vonkamp; 1 car bran, P Schoot; 1 car middlings, Bricker & Co; 100 bbls flour, Philip & Shepard; 100 do do, Shomaker & Lang.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD August 27—108 oil bbls, Fleming & Co; 1 car pig metal, H Woodside; 1 car hay, Dodd & Co; 1 car hides, Hoffstetter, W Flaccus & Son; 2 do do, W F McLaughlin; 6 bxs butter, 4 do eggs, J Hitty; 3 bxs butter, 3 do eggs, J C Lowry; 1 car lumber, A J Newmyer & Co; 6 bbls eggs, Voigt & Co; 1 roll leather, Seibert & Berg; 134 sacks oats, 18 do corn, 20 bbls apples, Knox & Orr; 1 car lumber, A Mollis; 55 sks oats, McHenry & Hood; 40 sacks oats, 14 baskets potatoes, J Jenkins; 8 sacks rags, J B Corporal; 13 pigs marketing, Monongahela House.

ALLEGHENY STATION, August 27—250 sks flaxseed, Graham & Hamilton; 1 do do, M H Newman; 187 do wheat, Gilmore, Straub & Co; 29 bgs middlings, Leacock & Mellwaine; 2 kgs whisky, J Brown; 300 pigs lead, T H Nevin & Co; 200 do do, H Hagan; 144 fruit jars, H H Gerwig; 45 sks oats, 30 do rye, Stewart & Langenheim; 12 pkgs tobacco, Hahn & Hadley; 8 bbls flour, Thomas Nicholson; 1 do do, Wm Shorthrop; 10 hx cheese, 1 bbl eggs, Shulz & Danner; 1 car oats, S Knox & Son; 100 bbls flour, Lyon & Kidney.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R. R., August 26—1 car tan bark, G Johnston; 8 do sand, A & D H Chambers; 2 do do, McCully & Co; 2 tons metal, S M Wickersham; 41 sacks wheat, Scott & Glass.

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